PUBLISHED FRIDAY MORNING
BY
BUEHLER & CO.,
Baltimore st. between Court-house and Diamond,
Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXX. NO. 37. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 5, 1870. WHOLE NO. 3625.

Professional Cards, &c.

H. B. WOODS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Has resumed the Practice of Law, and will attend to any business in the Courts of Adams county. Office:—Hon. J. L. Danner's Building, South East corner of the Diamond. March 4, 1870—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. June 18, 1869—tf

D. MCCONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug Store, Chambersburg street. Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to. Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States. ☞ June 18, 1869—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business trusted to his care. Office between Fahnestock's and Danner & Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care. Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court-house. May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square. May 29, 1867—tf

DR. H. S. HUBER. South-east corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, opposite COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL. June 11, 1868—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., DENTIST. Office on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the EAGLE HOTEL, Gettysburg, Pa. ☞Having been in constant practice over 20 years patients can be assured of good work. July 9, 1867—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, DENTIST. Having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. July 30, 1869—tf

Carriages, Harness, &c.

D. MCCREARY. J. F. MCCREARY.

"BEST ALWAYS CHEAPEST."

The Best and Cheapest,

Saddles, Bridles, Collars

and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(MCCREARY'S.)

OUR RIDING and WAGON SADDLES, are the most substantially built and neatest.

OUR HARNESS, (plain and silver mounted,) are complete in every respect and warranted of the very best material and workmanship.

OUR UPPER LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS, can not be beat. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere in the most substantial manner.

RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, LASHES, DRAFT Hames, Fly-nets and everything. *None better or cheaper.*

OUR PRICES have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard. A liberal percentage for cash, on all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞Give us a call and examine *prices and quality.* D. MCCREARY & SON. Jan. 29, 1868—tf

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES,

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the corner of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALL-ING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates. W. K. GALLAGHER. July 1, 1868—ly

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

PATENT ELASTIC CORK

HORSE COLLARS.

THE undersigned has for sale these CELEBRATED COLLARS, manufactured by Haner & Berry, Philadelphia, which are now used by all the City Passenger Railroad Companies for the protection of their stock. They are lighter in weight, absorb no moisture, and do not chafe. The tie, the Collar adjusts to the shape of the animal, and consequently does not chafe. Farmers, try them. Also,

HARNESS

of all kinds for sale and made to order. Call at my establishment on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa., adjoining Passenger Depot. JOHN CULP. May 20, 1870—tf

CARRIAGE-MAKING.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

Carriage-Making Business,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates. A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share the coming year. May 29, 1867—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Butchering.

MEAT MARKET!!

NEW FIRM!

GEO. B. STOVER & THAD. & WIBLE.

HAVING entered into partnership in the Butchering Business, will carry it on in all branches. All kinds of

Fresh Meat Every Day.

Beef every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Small meats every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings.

Market stand at Geo. B. Stover's residence on Chambersburg street, second Square.

Those having fat stock for sale will find it to their advantage to call on or address the new firm. STOVER & WIBLE. Aug. 13, 1869—tf

West Middle Street Market

(Near the Court-house.)

Every Day in the Week,

SUNDAY EXCEPTED.

Fresh Beef three times a week, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday mornings. Lamb, Veal or Mutton every day. Orders left at my market in the evening, will be promptly delivered the following morning.

June 18, 1869—tf GEORGE A. CODORI.

Business Cards.

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP

HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for covering

SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate. Dec. 11—tf

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.

REPAIRING of all kinds. Give us a Call.

April 30, 1869—tf

COOPERING.

PETER CULP

Has commenced the

COOPERING BUSINESS

in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of

MEAT VESSELS, CROUT STANDS, PICKEL STANDS, TUBS, FLOUR BARRELS, Barrels, 30 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call. [Aug. 13, 1869—tf

GRANITE YARD,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.

PETER BEITLER

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—

Curbing, Sills, Steps,

ASHLERS, POSTS, MONUMENTS, CEMETERY BLOCKS, &C., &C.,

cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.

☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to. June 3—tf

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

Gas Fitter, Plumber and Bell Hanger,

Can be found at his residence on corner of East Middle and Stratton streets,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Will promptly attend to all orders in his line.—Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights, &c.; also, WATER PIPE, Stop and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [April 29, 1870—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,

Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

All kinds of

CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c., constantly baked and always to be had fresh.

With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, he continues to solicit a share of the same. BALTZER NEWPORT. April 9, 1869—tf

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain, near Graefenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of

White Oak, Pine, Hemlock,

or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortes notice and at low rates. He also manufactures

Shingles, Pailings, &c.

LUMBER

delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES. 3 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.

All letters should be addressed to him at Graefenburg P. O. Adams county, Pa.

HENRY MILTENBERGER. Oct. 29, 1869—tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa., next door to Eagle Hotel,

Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERY,

made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.

ICE CREAM,

served to customers, and orders for Families or Parties promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and determined to please, he invites his friends to give him a call. [April 8, 1870—tf

Surveying—Conveyancing.

J. S. WITHEROW,

FAIRFIELD, PA.,

Tenders his services to the public as a

PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,

and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms. Having taken out a Conveyancer's License, he will also attend to preparing

Deeds, Bonds, Releases, Wills, Leases, Articles of Agreement, Clerking at Sales, &c.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. P. O. address, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa. [Jan. 1, 1869—tf

JEREMIAH CULP,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

UNDERTAKER

AND PAPER-HANGER,

is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms,

COFFINS of all Styles.

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.

Prints and Fancy Sign Painting executed to order.

☞York street, a few doors east of Lutheran Church. May 27, 1868—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

WATCHES & JEWELRY,

No. 148 North Second Street, corner of Quarry, *PHILADELPHIA.*

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Aug. 13, 1869—ly

Marble Yards.

W. N. MILLER'S

MARBLE WORKS,

Cor. of Baltimore and East Middle sts., GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every Description of Work executed in the finest style of the Art.

ALL KINDS OF

CAST, WROUGHT AND WIRE

RAILINGS,

FURNISHED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE. June 17, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG

MARBLE WORKS,

MEALS & BROTHER,

East York Street, second Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of Work in their line, such as

Monuments, Head-Stones,

TOMBS, MANTLES, &C.,

at the shortest notice—cheap as the cheapest.

☞Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange. May 29, 1867—tf

Miscellaneous.

THE CUCUMBER WOOD

PUMP!!

One dozen reasons why this is the best Pump manufactured in America for

WELLS AND CISTERNS.

1. It is Simple. 2. It is Reliable. 3. It is Durable. 4. It Works very Easily. 5. It throws Water Rapidly. 6. It is Strong. 7. The Wood Is Tasteless. 8. It does not Crack in the Sun. 9. It is not liable to get out of order. 10. Should any repairs be necessary in time, they can easily be made by any person. 11. It will not freeze. 12. It is Cheaper than any other reliable Pump manufactured.

TESTIMONIALS.

In testimony of the superior character of this Pump, we refer, by permission, to the following persons who have had it in use, and tested it with entire satisfaction:

Jer. Biesecker, Franklin tp.; George Smith, Huntington tp.; Arnold Live, Franklin tp.; A. K. Myers, Baltimore tp.; John Cress, Gettysburg; H. F. Bigham, Gettysburg; Peter Shively, Fairfield; Daniel King, Fairfield; Wm. Young, Mountpleasant; Andrew Hartzwick, Tyrone tp.

Persons requiring Pumps for wells or cisterns can have them furnished all complete and ready for use by sending the depth of the well or cistern. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or no payment required.

Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

JOSEPH KUNKLE, McKnightstown, Adams county, Pa. Oct. 29, 1869.—ly

RENOVATE YOUR

FEATHERS!

THE undersigned offers to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity a rare chance to avail themselves of the unparalled benefits of this unrivalled

Feather Dressing and Renovating Machine,

The most successful patent of the kind ever offered to the public. We venture the prediction that it never will be excelled, for it proves to be the best under all conditions and qualities of Feathers, from entirely new to old and much worn, need to render them as perfect as age, quality and condition will admit of their being made.

The Cleansing is Done Entirely by Steam.

No fire coming near the Feathers, consequently no possibility of burning, scorching, or otherwise injuring them. The process all moths are destroyed and removed, the Feathers cleansed, the fibres relieved from their matted position, giving a bed when renovated more in bulk, of more than one-half; also removing all disagreeable odor which is so common to new as well as old Feathers. In fact giving to the appearance and essential qualities of NEW Feathers, and relieving them from all nuisance and impurity. Almost all of gummy or glutinous matter from the quill, of which Feathers are such, that by short notice, we can take and return beds the same day, well dressed and ready for immediate use.

We warrant entire satisfaction or make no charge. All persons, especially ladies, are invited to call and see the machine in operation, at PARSON'S store room, on Baltimore street, and judge for themselves.

☞Feathers called for and returned in town without extra charge. J. FLETCHER. July 1—2m

WANTED AGENTS,

to canvass for

PERKINS AND HOUSE'S NON-EXPLOSIVE

KEROSENE LAMP,

pronounced by more than 50 Professors in our Colleges,

Absolutely Safe

—saves 38 per cent. of oil—no bad odor—Will not break or char the wick, become metallic. Our agents make money, because it supplies a want as universal as rain falls.

For full particulars address, with stamp, BENJ. F. BOWEN, 2d Floor, Mechanics' Bank, Harrisburg, Pa. Oct. 15, 1869.—tf

YOUNT'S COMPOUND

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, *SCARLET FEVER.* This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this valuable medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

☞Prepared and sold by ISAAC YOUNT & CO., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county. ISAAC YOUNT & CO. May 29, 1867.—tf

FURNITURE.

Joseph Walton & Co.,

Cabinet-makers,

No. 418 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

OUR establishment is one of the oldest in Philadelphia, and from long experience and superior facilities we are prepared to furnish good work at reasonable prices.

We manufacture fine furniture, and also medium priced, furniture of superior quality. A large stock of furniture always on hand. Goods made to order.

Business from York and Office Furniture for Banks, Offices and Stores, made to order. J. WALTON. J. W. LIPPINCOTT. J. L. SCOTT. Feb. 11, 1870—ly

Sewing Machines.

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS, *Agent,*

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

At his residence on York Street.

ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered in all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

☞The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machine. There are some GENUINE by the Howes have imbecided in 1867, since which time they have manufactured SHUTTLE MACHINES, &c. [Feb. 26, 1869—tf

WEDDING CARDS, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Tickets, Tags, &c., &c., printed with neatness, cheapness and despatch.

Medical.

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Physician of this celebrated Institution, has discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE,

Weakness of the Back, or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys, or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight, or Giddiness, Diseases of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—SECRET and solitary practices, more fatal to their victims, than the Songs of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes, or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant Intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency,) Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other disqualification, speedily relieved.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidentially rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER,

Immediately Cured, and Full Vigor Restored.

This distressing affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny, that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits, than by the prudent? Beside being deprived of the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, Symptoms of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

Relief in Six Hours! No Mercury!

Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders, and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London. Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, Decay, and Death. Fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and employments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect, duly reflect; a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of false shame, or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease makes their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrible object of commiseration till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings. By the use of that undiscovered country, traveler returns.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands DIE victims to this awful disease, through falling into the hands of Ignorant and Unskilful PRETENDERS, who, by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, do more injury to the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer months after in a salivated state, their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of curing, make the case worse. Time of Life, Vigor and happiness, in despair leave him with ruined Health, to sign over his galling disappointment.

To this therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable Secrecy, and from his extensive practice and observation in the great Hospitals of Europe, and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia and elsewhere, is enabled to offer the most Speedy, Certain and Effectual Remedy in the World for all diseases of Imprudence.

DR. JOHNSTON,

OFFICE, 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe the name and number.

☞Letters received unless postpaid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing from out state age, and send a portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

There are so many Paltry, Designing and Worthless Impostors advertising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his Credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this establishment, year after year, and the numerous Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED. March 11, 1870—1ylpr

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

THE reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous complaint, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the ominous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in numerous cases of this character in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is the cause of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt foe fastens upon the vitals, undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of some fatal disease, which excites a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on a favorable occasion, rapidly develops in one or the other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of Sarsaparilla is invaluable, even when no active symptoms of the disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworms, Ryes, Sore Eyes, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Blains, Sores and Ulcers.* Also, in more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Pain in the Side, Erysipelas,* and the various *Uterous* affections of the female and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies to the system.

But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterous Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Lungs,* and *Bronchitis,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., *Practical and Analytical Chemists.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

☞For sale in Gettysburg, Pa., by A. D. BUEHLER, Agent. [Jan. 21, 1870.—1ynoS

The Star and Sentinel.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

MY LITTLE BOY.

Stay, stranger, stay! oh! do not let thy foot
Press that green mound, without a thought or care;
Each foot-fall finds an echo in my heart—
My little boy lies there.

Yes, there he lies beneath the church-yard sod,
His still hand folded o'er a throbless breast;
Ah! many memories cluster around my heart,
While gazing on his lonely place of rest.

Those eyes, that now are closed in dreamless sleep,
Had once the power to thrill my soul with joy;
In dreams alone can I again behold
Thy glance of love, my lost, my darling boy.

We'll miss the music of thy lute-like voice,
When comes thy little playmates, one by one,
And list perhaps to catch thy wild, glad tone,
That ne'er can come again, for those are gone;

Yes, thou art gone! Death gathered thee my flower,
Grief thrills my soul, yet I will not repine,
For thou wilt bloom in Heaven's eternal bower;
'Tis better thus, better, than to call thee mine.

My little boy lies there! ah! no, not there,
Raise but the eye of Faith and see him now,
A sinless spirit 'mid the blood-washed throng;
A holy radiance lights his angel brow.

My child! my child! I would not call thee back,
In Heaven may I meet thee, is my only prayer;
Still when I neer this hallowed spot,
My spirit sighs, "my little boy lies there."

NEW OXFORD, July, 1870. G.

A DAY AS A HACKMAN.

"Hello-bo, McGreer! What in the world are you swearing about so furiously?" I asked, entering the livery stable of the above named person, amid a volley of oaths that might have shocked his Satanic majesty.

"Oh! good morning," replied the man; "excuse me, Mr. Morris. I was talking rather too strong, perhaps; but the fact is, I am in a desperate strait! You see, Mr. Elmore's horses are both sick, and he wants me to let him have my best span and coach immediately. Well, the dapples are the best, and, to my eye, better than his own; but there's not a man belonging to the stables dare drive them but Cary, and he is down with the fever. The other horses are all out or engaged, and I don't know what the—"

"There! there!" said I, "no oaths. I have nothing on hand, and really believe I should like to play hackman for a day in New York."

"Surely, Mr. Morris, you are joking!" ejaculated the man, in amazement.

"No! I am in earnest," for the idea was so novel that I, a lover of adventure, became every moment more determined to try it. "I am really in earnest, McGreer, so say no more about it. You know I can manage anything. Just have them hitched up and give me the livery coat and hat.

Now, leave me the office for a moment—but stop! don't let the men know who I am, and, by the way—I almost forgot it—have our team sent around in about an hour."

Left alone, I proceeded to alter my appearance as much as possible, assuming the habiliments of a driver. 'I made a first-rate Irishman of the bigger grade. The metamorphosis was scarcely completed when Mr. McGreer entered.

"Mr. Mor——"

"Michael, ye mane," I interrupted. "Sure there is no reason I should be cheated out of a name." We both laughed, and I received congratulations upon making so good a son of Erin.

Stepping out of the office, I mounted the box, gathered up the reins, and was off. The horses unusually gay, but I had them in groom trim by the time I stopped before Mr. Elmore's residence. It may be well to state. Grace Elmore was not the least inducement for my assuming my present position. All Winter she had been a dream-idol of mine, or rather half a one, for I could not really decide which I preferred, Grace or Maud De Morris, a young French lady, who was spending the Winter in New York with her parents. Both were bewitching, and I embraced every opportunity of being with either.

Springing from the box, I rang the bell, and presently assisted Miss Elmore and two friends into the carriage.

The day was warm for March, and the four windows were open Grace sitting on the seat nearest me.

"Round the pleasant streets, driver. Anywhere for a ride," she said.

We started, and for a quarter of an hour the ladies' chit-chat was of no account to me, when suddenly Miss Fannie exclaimed:

"By-the-way, Grace, rumor says you are engaged to George Morris, and the soldiaire on your fore-finger appears to confirm it."

"Rumor honors me," was the reply.

"Now, Grace," chimed in the third lady, "stop your nonsense and tell us candidly, are you engaged?"

"Well, I am arraigned before a court for some terrible crime, and commanded to answer, guilty or not guilty!—is that it?" was the half-laughing, half-annoyed response.

"No," returned the third lady, "not at all; only urged to gratify friendly curiosity."

"Well, the truth is, I am not at liberty to say all I wish; but this much I will acknowledge—the ring you mention did once belong to George Morris."

Was there ever such an abominable falsehood told, every word of which is true! I thought, angrily, as I heard the comments upon my money, person, parents, &c. That girl has led them to suppose that we are engaged, and there is a ring to prove it—a ring she took from me in sport, a few evenings since, and which I intended to recover upon our next meeting. Well, there is one thing certain—Grace Elmore will never be my wife. I could not trust such a schemer. This resolution was strengthened when I heard her say, in a confidential undertone, to the one lady—Miss Fannie having been left at her own house:

"I have of course, no feelings in the matter only a school girl's love; but I think that George will make a desirable husband, while his wealth, with my own, will place us above any change of fortune. Then he is very handsome, and I have decided to take him. I don't know that I could do much better."

"Pity I have not arrived at a similar conclusion," was my mental sarcasm.

Just then she called, affectionately, "home driver," Willingly did I place her on the carriage steps and turn towards the stables.

"By Jove! I wish I could have as good opportunity to try Maud De Morris," I ejaculatated, as I drove up to my station. McGreer was waiting for me. There was a gray-haired gentleman with him, but McGreer stepped aside and asked me if I objected to going further; at the same time overpowering me with thanks and saying if the horses were cooled down, he could give them to some one else.

"No, no!" I replied, quickly, for I was desirous of learning more of humanity. "I will keep my place for the present; send me where you choose."

Turning to the gentleman, Mr. McGreer bowed, and said: Mr. Lancy, this carriage is at your disposal."

In Mr Lancy I recognized a worthy merchant, though not well known in the higher circle, his means placing him only with those who were in "very good circumstances."

"Where?" I asked, as he entered the carriage.

"To —— street, north side."

A quiet, cozy little place it proved to be—a three-story brick, new and handsome, though lacking elegance. Here the gentleman alighted, returning in a short time accompanied by a young girl of, I should judge, some nineteen years, whom he addressed as Maggie. Her rich brown hair was curled neatly at the back of her head and the soft, violet-looking hazel eyes were the most enchanting that ever met my gaze. Peering from under my hat, I noted every article of the neatly-robed little fairy. "Drive to the Park," was the gentleman's direction, as I again took up the lines.

I listened eagerly to every sound from within, feeling half ashamed at the part I was playing, though too deeply interested in the lady to desist. Presently a clear sweet voice asked:

"Well, father dear, what have you to say that your require such strict privacy?"

"My child," hesitated the parent, "I—I—fear you are not brave enough to hear it. O, merciful heaven, if I could but spare my darling!"

An eager, loving voice repleid:

Father! father! surely one so young and strong, with such deep affection for you, can bear a great deal; and sorrow will not be so heavy if shared with me; now that mother has no power to comfort you except through memory, let me take her precious place as best I can. Tell me all, father; I am stronger than you think!"

Then followed a long explanation, which may be summed up in a very few words: Their voices were often drowned in the outer bustle, but I heard sufficient to understand that Mr. Lancy, who was doing a very heavy business, had some months previous, taken a partner, who proved to be an inveterate speculator, and, without the knowledge of Mr. Lancy, had involven the firm to the amount of seven thousand dollars. The investments could amount to nothing in less than a year; meanwhile, debts previously incurred fell due, and were pressed by creditors. Mr. Lancy ended by saying:

"Unless I get some assistance between this and Monday, Tuesday night will find us penniless. Oh, my child! if I could but save you! How can you bear such a change?"

And I heard the heavy sobs of that strong man come thick and fast. There were a few drops in my own eyes, for I could not see the horses for a moment. I fancied loving arms around his neck, and a pale soft cheek against his own, as the second had to keep down to catch some in a clear, brave voice from the noblest heart that ever beat 'neath heaven:

"Father, do not think of me; all that I have is yours, and many of my private articles will bring considerable. Do not shrink from selling everything to pay an honest debt. I can bear all things so that love is left. Sure, I may not complaining though all be taken, if Heaven leaves me my father. Do your best, and trust to me for all the assistance in my power. I can bear all things so love is left."

Much followed, but this was all I cared to hear, and by the time we drove up before the neat brick house in ——street, I fairly worshiped the brown-haired girl angel who resided there.

For the last fifteen minutes I had been contriving a plan to assist them. In my pocket was a check for three hundred dollars drawn that morning for the purpose of settling a small account.

My name was on it in full; as I opened the carriage door I cast it to the wind, which took it too the pavement. At first neither noticed it, and I feared I had been foiled, but just as I was mounting the box, Maggie picked it up and turned hurriedly to her father. I drove off wondering how it would end.

Reaching the stables I threw the reins to a hostler, and, entering the office, told McGreer the horses could be driven by a baby, disposed of my masquerade, and went home, not to dream of Grace and Maud, as usual, but of the noble woman who "could bear all things, so love was left." The next morning I saw in the *Herald* a notice which read as follows:

If Mr. George T. Morris will call at No 4 North —— street, he will recover lost property.

It was just what I wanted, and at about 10 o'clock, I called at the place mentioned receiving the check from my queen, together with an explanation of how it came into her possession. I asked if her father was at home. He was not.

"Would she give me his place of business."

"Certainly."

Taking a card from the stand, she traced neatly the address, bowing, I left her to seek the merchant.

"Mr. Lancy, I am George Morris. Will you give me a private interview?"

"With pleasure."

Seated in an inner office, I told him all the last day's proceedings that concerned himself, offering any pecuniary assistance he might permit me to render. After some urging on my part, he accepted, and, grasping my hand, thanked me again for saving his child, saying Heaven would repay me.

And it has most munificently; for not six months passed ere Maggie Lancy possessed the solitaire which Grace Elmore had worn so proudly and falsely.

The Star and Sentinel.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 5, 1870.

D. A. BUEHLER, Editor and Business Agent.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Adams county, and all favorable to the Administration of President GRANT and the maintenance of Republican Principles—who favor Integrity and rigid Economy in National, State and County affairs—are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding Delegate elections, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1870, to select Two Delegates from each District to represent them in County Convention, to be held in the *Court House*, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, August 22, 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket to be supported at the October Election, and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

☞ The time for holding the Delegate Elections in the Districts will be between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock, P. M., except in the Boroughs of Gettysburg, Littlestown, Berwick and York Springs, where they will be held between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the County Committee.

A. J. COVER, *Chairman.*
CHAS. HORNER, *Secretary.*

THE Democratic County Convention will meet on Monday next, to nominate a County ticket. The number of disinterested patriots anxious to serve their country and share the spoils, has been increasing year by year, and for several weeks a host of candidates have been travelling the county, assuming the most pleasant smiles and winning address, and arranging the wires for the delegate elections. Hands-shaking and cordial greetings are the order of the day, the aspirants for the various positions, from Auditor to Assembly, being as plenty as blackberries. For some reason, the main struggle this year circles around Assembly—a winter's term at Harrisburg being now generally thought to be rich in holdings and stealings. We annex a partial list of the aspirants for Assembly:

Frederick Diehl, Franklin township.
Isaac Herreter, Highland.
Robert Watson, Hamiltonban.
G. B. Yantis, Littlestown.
Simon S. Bishop, do
——— Gubernator, Conowago.
Dr. J. W. McClure, Oxford.
Samuel March, Reading.
W. S. Hildebrand, do
Philip Donahue, Straban.
H. F. Thomas, do
W. B. Gardner, York Springs.
Dr. Baer, Butler.

There are others whose names do not now occur to us. There are some good names on this list, and some not so good. Messrs. Herreter and Diehl were developing formidable strength, enough to alarm other aspirants, who propose to kill them off by trotting out Francis Will, of Franklin, and J. Scott Wilson, of Highland, for Commissioner. Rumors of Yantis' growing strength also disturbed the calculations of the "ring," and it is rumored that Bishop was brought out to divide the vote of the lower end and thus choke off Yantis.—It is a free fight, in which we are not particularly interested, but as chroniclers of passing events we give our readers the benefit of these notes.

INTENSE excitement has been produced in New York by the murder of Mr. Benjamin Nathan, a wealthy retired broker of New York city, on Thursday night last, He was found murdered on Friday morning in his residence on 23d street, in the heart of the most fashionable part of the city, under the shadow of 5th Avenue Hotel. His two sons and two domestics slept in the house, and heard no noise, although the condition of the body and room showed that there must have been a protracted and terrible struggle between the murderer and his victim. The room was saturated with blood, and the body horribly gashed and battered by an iron bar, found close by next morning.—One of the sons came in after 12 o'clock. Thursday night, looked in his father's room, and went to bed on an upper story. Next morning, about 6 o'clock, the front door was found open and Mr. Nathan weltering in blood in his room. His private safe was broken open, and several diamond studs were missing from his shirt bosom. It seems that the house is peculiarly constructed, the floors and walls being built so as to deaden sound, which accounts for the family hearing nothing of the struggle. Strange to say, the murderer left no traces—no tracks or blood-stains—to indicate how he got in or how he left the house. It is supposed, however, that he managed to get in the house the preceding day and secreted himself until the family had retired. The high social position of the deceased—the fashionable location in which the murder occurred—and the mystery in which it is involved—have produced unusual excitement. Rewards, amounting in the aggregate to $100,000, have been offered for the discovery of the murderer by the family, the Mayor and members of the Stock Exchange.

No member of the last Congress will be more missed in the next than Gen. Schenck, of Ohio, the industrious Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, to whose unremitting labor and parliamentary tact the country is largely indebted from the final passage of the Tax and Tariff and other important bills. He had announced, some time ago, his determination not to be a candidate for re-election, but the leading papers of his district, recognizing the importance of retaining him in Congress, urged his re-election notwithstanding, and it is probable that the nomination would have been unanimously tendered to him. Gen. Schenck, however, in a letter to the Dayton (Ohio) *Journal*, positively declines to be a candidate.—One of his reasons for leaving political life is given as follows: "I am constrained to remember that I owe it as a duty to myself, and to those dependent on me, to leave, while I am yet able to work, a service in which I can make no provision for future ease or support. I cannot afford to remain in Congress. I must devote some time to my personal interests, and engage in some employment that will give a chance of my not being left embarrassed and destitute of fortune when the season for labor shall have passed.

THE Republican State Central Committee will meet at Altoona on the 16th inst., to organize for the fall campaign.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.

There seems to be a good deal of misunderstanding relative to military bounties, and it is to be hoped that one of the first acts of the next Congress will be to settle definitely the question. The Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the Act of March 3, 1869, giving $100 bounty to soldiers who enlisted under the President's proclamation of May 4, 1861, and who were honorably discharged, whether they served two years or not, applies only to the forty regiments called for by that proclamation. The practical trouble is that eighty-two regiments were accepted, and the Adjutant General cannot designate the regiments to which the decision applies, and the matter will have to go back to Congress. The only solution of the difficulty will be the passage of an Act to give the bounty to all soldiers who enlisted under that proclamation.

The Second Auditor of the Treasury has issued a circular stating that no action can be taken on claims for bounty under the decision of the Supreme Court of March 14, 1870, until further legislation by Congress. Under the act of July 13, 1870, the time for filling bounty claims is extended to January 13, 1871; soldiers who enlisted under the act of July 4, 1864, are not entitled to the unpaid instalments of bounty under section one, act of March 3, 1869, unless their discharge certificates declare them discharged by reason of expiration of term of service. No law granting bounty has been enacted since March 3, 1869, and the bill which passed the House at its recent session granting eight and one-third dollars per month to each soldier during actual service did not pass the Senate, and therefore is not a law, as is generally supposed.

THE Rebel element in North Carolina is giving a good deal of trouble. The lawlessness of the Ku-Klux in several counties, in repeated outrages on Union men and bold defiance of the law, induced Gov. Holden to declare these counties under martial law. A number of arrests have been made and a serious conflict has arisen between the local Judicial authorities and the Executive. Writs of *habeas corpus* were sued out by the friends of the Ku-Klux, but Gov. Holden ordered the military to disregard them. The Supreme Court of the State was appealed to, but declined to interfere, whereupon, according to the Raleigh *Standard*, anonymous letters were addressed to the Judges threatening them with death. The *Standard* further says of this murderous Klan:

"They not only threaten, but they do kill. They decree murder and it is done. And it is known that Governor Holden's death has been decreed. Assassins, who have been spotted, have lurked around his dwelling place in this city to take his life. Editors and others in this State have advised his murder. And had it not been for his friends, a vigilant police and his known personal courage, he would have been in the grave to-day."

In view of the threatening condition of things, and the importance of preserving order at the State election, which was to have been held yesterday, (August 4,) Gov. Holden applied to the President for aid, and ten companies of U. S. regulars were placed at his disposal, eight of them being artillery and two infantry, and all of them armed with Springfield breech-loading rifles. Before any troops were ordered to the State Gov. Holden came quietly to Washington, and in a long conference with the President and Secretary of War fully explained the situation as he viewed it. Both these officers regarded it as essential that troops should be immediately despatched to prevent outbreaks, if possible, by the moral effect of their presence, or in case or actual trouble to be at hand to respond to requests for aid from the civil authorities. All the reports are to the effect that the officers of these troops warmly endorse the course of Governor Holden, and will go as far in rendering aid as they possibly can, in accordance with law.

EX-SECRETARY Seward, since his Mexican trip, has kept studied silence on political issues. On Monday, the colored people of Auburn, N. Y., had a celebration in honor of the ratification of the 15th Amendment. The procession halted in front of Mr. Seward's residence, and in response to calls he made his appearance and congratulated them upon the great event, which, he said, guarantees internal peace and perpetual integrity to the United States.—He stated his belief that the African race in the United States was not assured of the future so long as they are held in slavery or barbarism in any other part of the world, and advised his hearers, now that they have been emancipated, to work out the emancipation and education of their brethren in the West Indies, South America and in Africa. Armies nor navies were not needed for this great work; the school-house and the Christian meeting-house were alone necessary.

THE work goes bravely on. The official Treasury statement of August 1, shows a still further reduction of the Public Debt, during the month of July, over Seventeen Millions of Dollars.—The entire Debt, July 1, was $2,386,358,599.74, and on August 1, $2,369,324,476.00—decrease during the month, $17,034,123.74. During the Rebellion, the Copperheads stubbornly maintained—1st that the Rebels couldn't be whipped; 2d, that the Debt couldn't be paid. As a necessary corollary of these propositions, "Greenbacks" would, like "Continental Money," be worthless. Gen. Grant, at Appomatox Court-House, proved that the Copperheads were wrong in their assumption that the Rebellion could not be put down. He is now proving that they were equally wrong in regard to Greenbacks and the Public Debt.

THE Republicans of York county have determined to put no ticket in the field this fall, but to unite with independent Democrats in securing a reform in County officers. A good deal of dissatisfaction, it is said, exists among the Democracy by reason of the reckless mismanagement of the County finances.—In York, as in Adams, the Debt has been going up with amazing rapidity, while tax-payers grumble over high taxes. So long as the County offices are run by irresponsible "rings," with various "axes to grind," high taxes and wasteful expenditures of the people's money will continue.

SECRETARY Boutwell has ordered the destruction of $129,802,650 of United States bonds, heretofore purchased by him for the special and sinking fund, in conformity with the sixth section of the act for funding the national debt.—This reduces the outstanding principal of the coin debt by that amount.

GOV. GEARY has appointed J. Alexander Simpson, Esq., of Philadelphia, to the office of Register of that city, made vacant by the death of Gen. Leech. Mr. Simpson is a prominent lawyer and a hard-working Republican.

THE Harrisburg *Patriot* is edited by B. F. Meyers, of Bedford, one of the aspirants for the Democratic Congressional nomination of this district. In its issue of Friday last, the *Patriot* has this to say of Gen. Sheridan:

"Gen. Sheridan, who last year drew eleven thousand dollars from the government for butchering Piegan squaws and papooses sick with small pox, has been sent by President Grant to Europe to ascertain whether M'Mahon and Von Moltke have any improved method of setting fire to churches and the dwellings of non-combatants. The destruction of the Shenandoah Valley places Sheridan at the head of that class of generals who win their laurels by the wanton destruction of private property. We doubt if he will find anything in European warfare that will exceed in horror the barbarity which desolated the Virginia valley in 1864."

Copperhead hatred of the gallant soldiers who helped to crush the Rebellion loses none of its malignancy by lapse of time. This brutal attack on one of the most gallant Generals of the War—to whom, next to Grant, we are largely indebted for the triumph of the Union arms—is but another evidence that Rebel sympathizers will never forget or forgive those who withstood armed treason.

THE Democratic aspirants for the Congressional nomination in this district don't seem to like the look-out. One by one they are backing off the course.—Last week Mr. McSherry withdrew his name, and now it is officially announced that Judge Kimmell, of Chambersburg, declines to enter the race. As Coffroth is out of the question, this leaves the contest to Meyers of Bedford and Smith of Fulton, with the chances in favor of the former.

THE Republicans of Franklin county on Tuesday nominated Thaddeus M. Mahon, of Chambersburg, for Assembly; John Huber, of Chambersburg, for County Commissioner; Jacob Strickler, Guilford, for Director of the Poor; John Cressler, Southampton, for Auditor; and William H. Mackey, Fannett, for Jury Commissioner. Hon. John Cessna was unanimously nominated for Congress.

AN election for Municipal officers was held in Louisville, Ky., on Monday, the colored men voting for the first time in that State under the 15th Amendment. Everything passed off quietly, the Democrats electing their ticket, but by a reduced majority.

GENERAL NEWS.

LARGE orders for hay, for the French army, have been received in St. Louis.

THE cattle disease is prevailing to an alarming extent in Fauquier county Va.

A BERKS county farmer has a goose 24 years old.

TIOGA county, in Pennsylvania, has a cheese factory which used up 147,545 pounds of milk in June.

THE crops in Virginia have never looked so well since the war, and everybody is pleased.

It is stated that one-half the inmates of the Ohio Penitentiary have experienced religion.

EX-President Johnston made a three hours speech on politics at Knoxville, Tenn., on Thursday last.

PIERE HYACINTH has published a letter in the Paris papers protesting against the declaration of Papal infallibility.

A GENTLEMAN in Carbon county was attacked by a lot of black snakes the other day. He showed fight, and killed five, whose aggregate length was over 25 feet.

It is said that the fact that the *World* newspaper and the Democratic party sympathize with France will drive many German Democrats into the Republican party.

THE President has accepted the resignation of Gen Kilpatrick as Minister to Chili, to take effect on the 1st of September. Joseph P. Root, of Kansas, has been appointed to fill the vacancy thus created.

THE United States Treasurer at New York has been instructed to sell five millions of gold during the month of August, and to purchase six millions of bonds during the same period.

DR. LIVINGSTONE is alive once more, and has been heard from. Dr. Kirk, at Zanzibar, has had a letter from him, and he is soon to make his appearance at one of the European settlements.

A YOUNG man who officiates in a restaurant went to sleep in a Syracuse church last Sunday, and suddenly astonished the congregation by awaking and calling out, "Ham and eggs for two."

A LAD by the name of Clark Bretz, aged 11 years, left his home on the 5th inst. Any information concerning his whereabouts will be gladly received by his father, Jacob Bretz of Newport, Perry county.

THE French and Prussian Ministers of War have both been informed by the United States that articles not contraband of war may be purchased by both Government in this country.

GENERAL SHERMAN denies the story that Sheridan asked permission to go within the lines of the French army, as he made no such request, and it is not at all improbable that he will go to Berlin before he goes to Paris.

CHIEF Justice Chase has been applied to by Bradley T. Johnson, the counsel of Pat Woods—who is now in jail in the District of Columbia for assaulting Congressmen Porter—to issue a writ of *habeas corpus*.

COMMISSIONER Delano's many friends will regret to learn that, by a fall from a wagon on Friday last, at Mt. Vernon, Ohio, he badly fractured his right arm. Mr. Delano was on a brief visit to his home, where his wife is lying seriously ill.

GOVERNOR MORTON, in a speech in Indianapolis the other day, said Prussia had been the friend of our Government through out the late rebellion, and that it was quite natural the Republican party should now sympathize with Prussia against Napoleon.

ASSISTANT Secretary Richardson on Saturday awarded the exclusive contract to catch fur seals on the Alaska Islands to the Alaska Commercial Company. They are to pay the Government $55,000 per annum rental, $2.62½ on each seal taken, and 52 cents for each gallon of oil obtained.

CARBOLIC ACID is exciting a great amount of attention from the medical faculty. One of the greatest disinfectants is discovered also to be the greatest known healing remedy. Carbolic Acid Salve is superior to any other preparation for eradicating disease from the flesh, where a surface application is possible.

MR. JAMES AUGHINBAUGH, of Clinton county, Missouri, formely of Dover, York county, was bitten in the palm of his hand by a rattlesnake, while eating strawberries upon the prairie, on the 3rd ult., and died on the 5th. He was in his 70th year, and leaves a wife and seven children to mourn their loss.

EARLY on Monday morning the Presbyterian Publication House on Chestnut street in Philadelphia, was entered and the safe broken into by tearing away a portion of the vault. The thieves removed from the vault $7,590 in registered bonds, but left them lying on the floor. All the plunder obtained was two dozen gold pens and $90 in cash.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

THE SECRET TREATY.

FRENCH & PRUSSIAN EXPLANATIONS.

EVACUATION OF ROME.

ITALY TO TAKE POSSESSION.

A BATTLE ON TUESDAY.

THE FRENCH ASSUME THE OFFENSIVE.

INVASION OF PRUSSIAN TERRITORY

PRUSSIANS DRIVEN FROM SAARBRUCK.

CONFLICTING ACCOUNTS.

CAPTURE OF WISSEMBOURG.

A VICTORY FOR THE PRUSSIANS.

There have been sundry small skirmishes between advanced parties of French and Prussians, but no battle up to Monday.—On Saturday morning a French detachment attacked Saarbrucken, but were vigorously repulsed. The Berlin accounts claim that the advantage was decidedly with the Prussians, the French being in the largest force and yet losing most heavily. The Paris Journals estimate the entire Prussian force in the field at six hundred and eighty thousand men, of whom two hundred thousand are in Schleswig and eighty thousand near Berlin. If the Prussians have in so short a time assembled such an immense force, the hesitancy of the French in attacking them is fully explained. The King of Prussia on taking command of the army issued an address declaring that he is fighting for the honor of Germany, and calling on the whole nation to rise as one man. Austria is reported to be making extensive preparations to protect her neutrality. The bitter feeling in Germany against England, for an alleged infraction of neutrality in supplying France with coal and munitions of war, still continues, whilst in England the popular feeling in favor of a decided policy against France shows increased strength.

THE FRENCH EXPLANATIONS OF THE SECRET TREATY.

M. Olliver, the French Prime Minister, and Count Benedetti, late French Ambassador, have both made explanations in relation to the secret treaty. M. Olliver sought an interview with the editors of the principal Paris papers, to whom he explained that the only proposition made to Prussia was that of the Earl of Clarendon, on the part of England, for a general disarmament of the European Powers. He gave his word of honor that no other proposition was made, and that Napoleon had rejected with disdain Bismarck's proposition for the absorption of Belgium. Count Benedetti's explanation goes more into detail. He asserts that both before and after the war with Austria Bismarck made propositions looking to the absorption of Belgium by France as a compensation for the aggrandizement of Prussia; that after the conclusion of the treaty of Prague he renewed these proposals, and during one of these conversations dictated to Benedetti the project of the secret treaty.—This, it is said, accounts for the handwriting, which Benedetti thus admits.—But it does not account for the fact of the draft of the treaty, written by the French Ambassador, having been left in Bismarck's possession. If Count Benedetti copied the treaty from Bismarck's dictation, obviously he did so for his own in- [illegible] But this very copy, which in the nature of events he would have sent to Paris, still remains in Bismarck's hands. Such an explanation is so weak and improbable as to suggest the belief that the Count is willing now to assume the position of a careless and unskilful diplomat in order to relieve the Emperor from a damaging dilemma. He adds that the treaty was promptly rejected by the French Government.

THE PRUSSIAN VERSION.

Count Bismarck has also published a circular making a complete expose of what he claims to be the facts connected with the secret treaty. He asserts that before the Danish war France made overtures for alliance between France and Prussia for the mutual aggrandizement of each country. France then asked the restoration of the Luxemboury frontier of 1814, the acquisition of Saarburg and Landon, and a settlement of the boundary question on the basis of language. These overtures, in May, 1866, took the form of a proposition for an alliance offensive and defensive —the manuscript original of which is in the Foreign Office at Berlin. This treaty provided that if a Congress of the Powers assembled, Italy was to have Venetia, and Prussia the Duchies. If the Congress disagreed, then an alliance was to be formed between France and Prussia, and the latter was to open war against Austria within ten days. If no Congress assembled, then Prussia should attack Austria within thirty days after the ratification of the treaty. France was to join immediately in the attack, despatching three hundred thousand men across the Rhine within the first month. No separate treaty was to be made by either party with Austria. As the result of the war, Venetia was to go to Italy, Prussia was to select German territory at will for annexation, the number of inhabitants not to exceed eight million souls. France was to have a liberal share of the Rhine provinces, and a military and maritime alliance was to be made between France and Prussia, to which Italy might become a party. This programme was rejected, Bismarck asserts, in June, 1866, despite the urgency of France. There was then an incessant renewal of propositions, with modifications, sacrificing Belgium and South Germany, but they were never seriously considered by Prussia. Again, after the failure of the attempt on Luxemboury, France repeated her propositions with still more distinctness. These propositions were drawn up by Count Benedetti himself, and it is supposed not without the authority of the Emperor, as they were the same as had been made four years before. Count Bismark adds that if Prussia had acquiesced in the seizure of Belgium, France would soon have found another Belgium in Prussian territory. It must be admitted that this account is much more definite and has a greater air of probability than the French explanations.

EVACUATION OF ROME.

In the course of his interview with the Paris editors on Saturday, M. Olliver gave official confirmation to the reported evacuation of Rome by the French troops.—This evacuation, he said, was inequitable because Italy had kept her promises, and useful because keeping our promises unites us more closely with Italy and Austria." Austria, it is also announced, will not take umbrage at the presence of Italian soldiers in Rome, and will remain in accord with Italy. Thus at the very moment when the Pope has procured the announcement of his infallibility his temporal power will cease, and Rome come under the rule of the Italian King.

PREPARING FOR THE STRUGGLE.

Both parties to the conflict are actively preparing for an engagement, and all sorts of rumors were current in Paris and London on Monday. A London despatch says that it is certain that England will defend Belgium's neutrality, and a Paris paper suggests that the occupancy of Belgium by Great Britain will instantly bring Russia and Austria into the contest. Subscriptions will be opened throughout Germany on the third and fourth of August for a per cent. loan of the German Confederation to the amount of one hundred million thalers. In Paris a volunteer artillery corps is being formed for the special defence of that city, in case of need. The people of Hamburg are making active preparations for the reception of the French fleet expected at that port, and fifteen vessels laden with stone are moored in the Elbe, ready to be sunk on the approach of the hostile fleet. During the war "no person, of whatever nativity, will be permitted to enter or leave France without a passport." Another detachment of French troops on Monday left Rome. Orders have been issued in Paris that the private property of citizens of Germany shall be respected in France as it is respected in the former country. A Florence despatch says that negotiations between France and Italy have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion. Italy guarantees the preservation of order in Rome, and the French evacuate the city. A Paris despatch corroborates the above, and adds that the Pope has been advised to leave Rome, but has concluded to stay there. A Vienna despatch represents that Austria and Italy have settled upon a treaty which insures their neutrality, but the provisions of the treaty are not given. In both Houses of the English Parliament propositions were made for an increase of the army, and speeches were made by Messrs. Gladstone and Disraeli.

THE PRUSSIAN PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

Common belief now as to the plan of campaign is that three armies will form at points from Saarbruck, southwards, the southernmost to advance on Strasbourg, the next on Nancy and the third to march on Metz, co-operating with the second.

DENMARK'S NEUTRALITY TEMPORARY.

A special correspondent at Copenhagen writes that Denmark's neutrality is believed to be temporary.

THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, August 1.—In the House of Commons to-day the debate on the war question brought out a large crowd of persons, who filled the gallery and other places. The feeling of the House was again strongly marked in favor of an energetic policy. When Mr. Cardwell, Secretary, proposed a vote for 20,000 additional troops and two millions sterling, he was warmly cheered. So was Mr. Gladstone when he told Mr. Stapleton that if colliers are chartered to attend the fleets of a belligerent to supply coal they will to all practical purposes and interests become storeships attached to that fleet.

THE FIRST BATTLE.

Tuesday's despatches bring intelligence of the first engagement of the war. According to a Paris telegram of Tuesday night, an official despatch was received there from Metz announcing that the French army had assumed the offensive that morning, crossed the Saar, invaded Prussian territory, and a serious engagement had resulted, commencing at 11 o'clock and terminating at 1. The French stormed the heights which overlook Saarbruck, and their artillery drove the Prussians from the town, but whether it was occupied by the French or not, is not stated. The Emperor and his son were both on the field, and in the language of the despatch "assisted at the operations." Napoleon returned to Metz in the afternoon. Both sides are liable to exaggerate the accounts of the first engagement, but [illegible] of considerable importance to the French. On the other hand, the Prussians may have fallen back to draw the enemy further into the interior. Saarbruck is about forty-five miles from Metz, and has been the scene of many important contests.—We have nothing from Prussian sources in reference to the battle. A despatch from Mayence states that King William arrived there Tuesday morning, with several members of his Staff, and had received highly satisfactory reports from the Prussian army corps on the French frontier.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Quite an exciting debate took place in the English House of Lords Tuesday on the bill amending the militia acts. Lord Russell said that England now required full defensive powers, stating that the intrigues and perils of the continent were due to the uncertainty as to the course that would be pursued by England. In his opinion Great Britain need only demand the enforcement of existing treaties and Belgium would be saved. Earl Granville, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, said that whilst he was fully sensible of the obligations of England to Belgium, he considered it needless and injudicious to discuss the subject with such publicity.—The matter then dropped. In the House of Commons a proposition of the Government to enlist twenty thousand additional troops met with considerable favor, but no vote was reached. The evacuation of Rome by the French still continues, and Italy is concentrating an army on the Roman frontier. South Germany is arming for the conflict. Russia denies that she will take advantage of the war to invade the Danubian Principalities. A Madrid despatch says that the Ministerial Council of the Spanish Government was debating a note received from Washington in regard to Cuba, in which the United States Government demands, among other things, indemnity for American citizens illegally expelled from that island.

THE LATEST DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The French represent the capture of Saarbrucken as an important victory, and claim to have taken 3,000 prisoners. Paris despatches say the position was strongly fortified, and captured with but slight loss. The buildings in the town caught fire from the French artillery, half the place was destroyed, and the inhabitants were compelled to leave. Napoleon sent a despatch to Eugenie announcing the result and complimenting the Prince Imperial for his conduct, but says nothing about the capture of prisoners.

The Prussian accounts, on the other hand, represent that a small detachment of troops at Saarbruck was attacked by three columns of the French army, and after a sharp action the position was abandoned, the Prussians falling back, the affair being a trifling one, with but slight loss on other side.

Fighting has been going on along the French and Prussia frontier since Monday A great battle cannot long be postponed.

On Saturday the Prussians moved forward and attacked Wissembourg, on the Bavarian border, between Bitche and Lauterberg, driving out the French.

Wissembourg is a fortified town of France, Department of Bas-Rhin, and Capital of an arondissement. It is situated on the right bank of the Lauter, and on the Bavarian frontier, thirty-four miles northeast of Strasbourg.

A combat is reported in the Baltic, during which two Prussian gunboats were taken.

Five hundred thousand rations leave Paris daily for the French army.

The King of Italy has written to the Pope that he will protect Rome.

The Paris *Moniteur* says that the arrangements between France and Italy concerning Rome have been concluded to the satisfaction of all parties interested.—Horses are scarce in France and Germany. On Tuesday the Paris *Journal Officiel* stated that France was not waging war against the King of Prussia, but against Bismarck. The city of Versailles was fired on Tuesday by the explosion of a powder magazine. Negotiations are pending to keep open the ports of Hamburg and Bremen.

INTERESTING FIGURES.

A statement has come from the Treasury department giving the receipts and expenditures of the government from June 30, 1860, to June 30, 1870. The amounts for each year are found in the following table:

	Expenditures.	*Receipts.*
1860	$ 63,025,789 34	$ 55,976,833 80
1861	66,957,127 30	41,344,982 35
1862	473,744,781 22	51,935,729 78
1863	714,709,995 58	111,320,766 48
1864	865,234,087 96	260,732,717 44
1865	1,290,312,992 41	330,577,986 66
1866	520,809,416 99	560,250,353 00
1867	357,543,478 71	490,634,016 27
1868	327,440,234 96	405,638,683 32
1869	321,490,567 75	370,943,747 21
1870	202,111,269 31	406,831,572 42
Total	$5,303,700,811 24	$3,987,155,475 30

The public debt was in 1860 about $100,000,000. It is now $2,216,545,334 98. The following items show how this $5,303,700,811 23 has been disposed of since the fiscal year commencing June 30, 1859:

For the executive, $56,000,000; for the judiciary, about $15,000,000; for the army and volunteers, $1,140,032,060 94—$328,000,000 of this having been expended in the year 1865. For the Quartermaster's supplies, engineers' and miscellaneous supplies of the War Department and army, $2,146,776,896 53; for bounties from 1863 to 1870, $98,208,000; for the navy, $480,043,081 25; for pensions, naval and military, $186,931,457 58, about $2,120,622 53 of which was expended before the rebellion commenced; for the Indians, $39,285,017 78; for interest on the public debt, $851,850,713 29, of which $3,177,314 62 was expended in 1860, and $4,000,173 76 in 1861; for Congress, $36,969,649 78; for public buildings, over $17,000,000; for deficiencies in the postal service, over $25,000,000; of which $8,196,009 26 was expended in 1860, $4,064,234 44 in 1861, and about $4,950,000 in 1870; for improvement of rivers and harbors, nearly $13,000,000, nearly $11,000,000 of which has been expended since 1867; for foreign intercourse, over $20,000,000, $7,200,000 for Alaska being counted in this aggregate; for expenses of collecting the customs revenue, $53,591,811 93; for the expenses of collecting the internal revenues since 1866, $39,000,000. The balance, of over $175,900,000, is charged to various miscellaneous expenses.

The full receipts from all sources for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1870, are as follows:

Customs	$123,954,346 40
Internal revenue	183,216,219 01
Public lands	3,262,274 34
Miscellaneous	23,398,532 71
Total	$406,831,372 43

ATTEMPT TO RELEASE A MURDERER FROM THE GALLOWS.—ST. LOUIS, July 30.—A serious riot occurred at Shebyville, Illinois, yesterday. It was occasioned by the execution of Joseph Myers for the murder of Clebesco Calhoun, two years ago. Hubbard Holden, who was to have been hanged with Myers for the same crime, had his sentence commuted on Thursday by Gov. Palmer, which created great indignation, as it was asserted that Holden planned the murder and did the shooting.

It was feared on Thursday night that the people would attack the jail and release Myers unless Governor Palmer surrendered Holden to the gallows, but there was a lull in the storm until yesterday morning, when the mob demanded that both men be hung or that Myers should be executed. Governor Palmer was vehemently denounced on every hand. The jail was guarded by one hundred armed men. While the preparations were being made to hang Myers several attempts were made to tear down the fence enclosing the scaffold, but the assailants were repulsed each time by the guards.

Myers was executed, however, and ten minutes after the mob charged the fence in force and commenced tearing it down; but when they discovered it was too late to save Myers, they dispersed, swearing eternal enmity to Governor Palmer. But for conciliatory speeches by several leading citizens, bloodshed might have been the result.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—The Pittsburg *Chronicle* says: The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, Judge Agnew delivering the opinion, recently decided that where a passenger being carried on a railroad train is injured without fault of his own, there is *prima facie* a legal presumption throwing upon the railroad company the burden of disproving negligence. This, it is stated, is the rule when the injury is caused by a defect in the road, cars or machinery, or by a want of diligence. cor are in those employed, or by any other thing which the company can and ought to control as a part of its duty to carry passengers safely. This rule, however, is not conclusive, and the railroad may rebut the presumption by showing that the injury arose from an accident which the utmost skill, foresight and diligence could prevent.

APPROPRIATIONS BY CONGRESS.—The following are the official figures of the appropriations by the late session of Congress for the purposes named. This is the first official list published, and may be relied on as correct. Others which have been published are untrustworthy. The total embraces the entire appropriations excepting those contained in private bills:

Military Academy	$314,869
Deficiencies	4,352,480
Consular Service	1,041,947
Pensions	30,000,000
Works of defence	11,311,508
River and harbors	3,945,900
Postoffice Department	36,150,000
Legislative, Executive and Judicial	13,949,259
Sundry civil expenses	13,437,664
Deficiencies	2,067,274
Army	20,321,367
Navy	19,255,220
Indian Department	6,303,941
Total	$156,604,419

A WAR OF FOGIES.—The Prussian-French war will be conducted by old fogies on both sides. The three most prominent French officers and Corps Commanders in the present war—McMahon, Bazaine, and Canrobert—are all over sixty years of age. The three leading commanders in the Prussian service beside the Crown Prince—Von Moltke, Manteuffel, and Von Roon—are all over sixty, and the first named is seventy years old. The King of Prussia is seventy three, and the Emperor of France sixty-two years of age. It is likely that some younger men will be heard of, on both sides, before the war is over.

THE report of the Superintendent of Immigration at New York shows an unprecedented decrease in the arrival of Germans at that port. There will in all probability be an immense [illegible] steamship lines during the present year, as the German is proverbially patriotic, and will not leave his fatherland in the time of need.

ATTENTION FARMERS.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber-lined Collars, Saddles, and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and to heal up under work horses already galled, if properly fitted; and sore necks and backs are kept clean with water and castile soap, or no pay. For sale by J. W. Cress, Manufacturer's Agent, Gettysburg. sep10-tf

NASBY.

Mr. Nasby Gives a Description of the Democracy of Delaware, with whom he is Associated—the beginning of the Organization of the White Man's Party of that State.

MASTON'S CORNERS, *Mapillion Hundred,* In the State uv Delaware July 13 1870.

The people uv the State uv Delaware, or rather the Democrisy uv Delaware, come nearer to my idee uv wat Democrats ought to be than any I hev ever come across yit. The Kentuckian is good, but I hev seen Kentuckians who wuz restless and discontinted. I hev knowed uv Kentuckians who did take stock in railroads, who did now and then nail up the clap boards on their houses which hed becom loose, and did wear shoes in summer. But no Democrat uv Delawer wuz ever knowed to do anything uv the kind. They are a intense religous people, with a faith in Providence wich I never saw surpassed. They bleeve that the same Providence wich brot em into this world will take keer uv em, and they let him do it with easinis and abandon wich to me is delitiful. The most satisfyin spectacle my eyes ever restid onto is the front porch uv Sapp's grocery at this present time. There they set, leanin back on them unwhittled chairs (no Delaware Democrat ever whittles,) with their feet onto the rail in front uv em, each with his head layin flatwise on the wall, and all fast asleep. All is still! The flies buzz peacefully about their noses, which ornaments them by their joocyness, but repel 'em by their red-hot brilliancy. Like every thing else about this section flies is an undecided lot. But ever and anon one fly, more hungry than his fellows, lites on the nose uv some slumberin patriarch; he bites; the Saint makes an exertion to brush him off and awakes. Awakin, he takes a drink which awakes the rest, who also takes a drink, after which they go to sleep again. Sapp loves flies, and sez he's makin experiments for a livelier breed, a more darin and enterprisin fly which 'll keep 'em awake more uv the time.

Uv corse we hevn't got no railroads.—There wuz one projected thro' this section but the citizens was horrified at the idea.

"Wat!" sed they, "shel we hev a screechin ingin to keep us from hevin our reglar afternoon and forenoon nap? Never!"

"But," sed the projectors, "it'll increase the valyoo uv your real estate."

"Reel WAT?" asked these innocents.

"Reel estate—land."

"Wat good wood that do us;" replied the sturdy yeomandry, "when nobody wants to sell? And they wood hev stones the rail-road party, had it been a cool day so that the exertion of gettin the stones wooden hev worried em.

Bill Snapp wuz so pleased at the spirit they showd that all that day he kept the flies off uv them hisself which they did ez soon ez the railroad party wuz out uv site.

I notist one uv em a layin on the broad uv his back, the other day, a swallerin oysters wich a nigger boy wuz openin.

"Sammy," sez this youth's parent to him, the old man lying on his back the while, "Sammy, its a merciful arrangement that oysters aint got no legs, aint it, Sammy?"

"I don't see that," sed Sammy, "ef they hed legs ther'd be more meat onto them."

"Yes, but my son," returned this ancient, "ef they hed legs and shood yoose them ever so little we'd never git an oyster."

We are ez bissy ez we kin be arrangin for the campagne this fall. We hed a meetin at the county seet yesterday, reorganizin the party on a broader basis, so that the conservative Republikins who feel outraged that a naturally inferior race hez bin put onto a level with em kin co-operate with em. The meetin hold till late in the evenin, but it wuz intensely interestin throughout—indeed I may say that it was a trooly refreshin season. We adopted a platform embracing the follerin idees:

1. The emancipashun uv the nigger wuz an outrage agin wich we protest and wich we demand to be reversed before it is everlastingly too late.

2. The nigger iz an inferior bein, and does not possess the intelligence rekesit to a proper yoose uv the ballot.

3. The attempts uv the disturbin Radikels uv Delawure to abolishin the whippen post fill us with intense alarm, it bein a land-mark.

4. The clamor uv the disturbin Radikels uv Delaware for free skools is a blow at Demokrisy, and is jest ez alarmin ez their demand to do away with the whippen-post.

In the ensoocing campagne the "White Man's Party" will bear onto their banners the following inscriptions: No nigger votin—The ballot in the hands uv the intelligent race—No free skools—The whippin post forever—The constootion ez it wuz, Delawure ez it is, forever."

I made the reguler skriptoral argyment, interdoosin Canaan, Hager and Onesymus, wich, however, didn't hev much effect, ez none uv them hed heerd uv these individooals. I wuz disconserted somewhat when wun uv em askt me of Canaan wasn't one uv them osssid Radikels in Wilmington. Bill Sapp, however, got their attenshun, when he mentioned the fact to show their entire worthelessness ez citizens, that the entire nigger trade at his bar didn't amount to a hundred dollars a year, wich wuz less than any one uv the proud Caucasehen race expendid with him. Mordky Bender bore testimoney to the alarmin ignorance pervadin among em, wich totally unfits em to to the ballot, after wich I wuz rekested by the meetin to put the resolutions passed onto paper, ez the Sekretary coodent rite.

The Star and Sentinel.

Friday Morning Aug. 6, 1870.

LOCAL ITEMS.

STOLEN.—A horse belonging to Mr. James Boyd, residing near Emmittsburg, was stolen at Harney, on Saturday night last, whilst the person who had ridden him there was attending preaching.

PIC-NIC.—A grand Basket Pic Nic will be held on Saturday next, in Wierman's Grove, at Wierman's Mill, York Springs district.

A grand Basket Pic-Nic will also be held in Francis Cunningham's grove, near Moritz's tavern, Freedom township, on Saturday the 20th inst.

SQUIRRELS.—The Act of 1869 prohibits the shooting of Squirrels and Rabbits between the 1st of January and the 1st of August. Sportsmen can now go to work, the prohibition having ceased on the 1st of August.

KILLED.—A valuable Cow, belonging to Washington W. Scott, of Freedom township, was struck by lightning and killed during the storm of Wednesday evening, the 27th ult. She would have been living in about three weeks.

RATTLE-SNAKES.—Recently a party from Bermudian went to the South Mountain after whortleberries, and near what is called the Whiskey Spring captured a Rattlesnake with 12 rattles, measuring 8 feet 6 inches. Another party the same day captured a Rattlesnake near the same place, with 8 rattles.

NOT SOLD.—A member of the Town Council informs us that none of the Fire Engines have been sold, nor will they be sold until definite arrangements be made made to supply their place with new apparatus. The Engine House is being refitted by the Gettysburg Zouaves, to be used by the Company as an Armory.

CORRECTION.—We are advised that our statement last week, that the election of officers of Evergreen Cemetery is confined to holders of Certificates of Stock, was erroneous. It seems that the arrangement which we suggested, of sinking the stock and transferring the control of the Cemetery to the lot-holders, was consemated several years ago.

COUNTY FAIR.—The Managers of the Adams County Agricultural Society have determined to hold the next Annual Exhibition, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, September 27, 28 and 29. Monday the 26th will be devoted to the entry of Stock and Articles for exhibition. Full particulars as to Premiums, &c., will be given hereafter.

BALLOONING.—For a week or more there has been quite an excitement among the little folks in town on the balloon question. Quite a crowd of boys and girls gather in the diamond every pleasant evening to witness the sending up of paper balloons by Mr. John M. Werner, who is an adept in preparing them and who takes pleasure in gratifying the little folks. It is a cheap but pleasant amusement.

STREET CARS.—Mr. Howell, the energetic manager of the Springs Passenger Railway, has had the cars re-fitted and new truck wheels supplied. The cars now run regularly to and from the Springs Hotel, according to the schedule which will be found in our advertising columns. Our citizens can go to the Springs grounds in the evening, spend several hours pleasantly, and return at a reasonable hour.

ACCIDENT.—A few days ago, as Mr. Jesse Lerew, near Bermudian, Latimore township, was going to his rather-in-law's mill with a load of grain, he placed his little daughter on the wagon to accompany him. By some means she slipped off the wagon, under the wheel, which passed over her, breaking her leg in two places, above and below the knee. Dr. J. R. Plank was called in, who adjusted the broken limb.

ACCIDENT.—On Friday last, whilst a number of the laborers were at work on the Littlestown section of the Frederick and Pennsylvania Line Railroad, a large portion of the top surface, which they were undermining at the time, gave way, and unfortunately struck a young man by the name Scott, and breaking his right leg, between the ankle and the knee. He was taken to Littlestown, and the fracture adjusted by Dr. R. S. Seiss. The young man's parents reside near Middleburg, Carroll county, Md.—*Press.*

SEWER.—Some time since the Town Council granted to David Wills, Esq., and others associated with him, the right to put down a Sewer in York street, from the residence of Mr. Wills to the water-course below St. James church. Workmen have been engaged for a week or more on the sewer, which is nearly completed. It will cost over $400. Property holders along the line of the sewer will have a right to drain into it by paying a proportionate share of the cost. The Council reserve the right to assume control of the sewer, at any time, by indemnifying the parties for the expenses incurred.

I. O. G. T.—The following persons were installed by D. D., Wm. H. Tipton, as officers for General Reynolds Lodge, No. 180, I. O. G. T., of Gettysburg, on Monday last:—W. C. T., Rev. J. H. S. Clarke; W. V. T., Miss Jennie Powers; W. S., J. S. Jones; W. A. S., Miss Mary J. McCreary; W. T., A. W. Flemming; W. F. S., J. M. Warner; W. C., Miss S. A. Paxton; W. M., James H. Flemming; W. D. M., Miss Carrie Young; I. S. G., Miss Emma King; O. S. S., J. Nevin Frey; R. H. S., Miss Dora Flemming; L. H. S., Miss Julia Weygandt; P. W. C. T., W. T. S. Sahm.

INCENDIARISM.—The burning of two Barns for Mr. John Spangler, of Mountjoy township, within the last six months, without any known cause, has produced the conviction that some unknown incendiary has been at work. This conviction is strengthened by the fact that an attempt has since been made to fire a hay-stack on the premises, a lot of half-burned matches having been found near it.

The Littlestown *Press* and Hanover *Spectator* are in the statement that an arrest has been made in connection with the burning of Mr. Spangler's barn. No arrests have been made.

COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Republican County Committee met on Saturday last, there being a larger representation than usual. The best of feeling prevailed, the assurance being given that in all parts of the county the Republican party is thoroughly united and will, in October, assert its devotion to the principles of the party. The County Convention was ordered to be held on Monday the 23d inst., the Delegate elections to take place on the Saturday previous. There is a good deal of ferment in the ranks of the Democracy, not only as regards the Legislative contest, but in view of the astounding increase in the County Debt and the general extravagance in the administration of county affairs. It behooves our friends, under the circumstances, to put in the field a strong ticket, composed of men of acknowledged fitness and integrity—one that will command the confidence of the tax-payers of the County.

BASE BALL.—On Saturday the "Second Independent Nine" and "Red-Heads" played a game of Base Ball on the College grounds, the former scoring 50 and the latter 14.

On Monday the Independents and Keystones played a game, the former scoring 23, and the latter 11.

On Friday evening a match game was played between the First Gettysburg Nine and the Independents, with the following result:

INDEPENDENT.	O.	R.	GETTYSBURG.	O.	R.
Ziegler, 3m. c	1	5	Crawford, c	2	6
Martin, 3b	5	2	Hill, 1b	4	5
Culp, cf	4	4	Huber, jr., lf	2	4
Buehler, s.s	3	4	Cunningham, p	1	4
Shields, p	2	4	Cox, jr., cf	3	5
Kurtz, rf	2	5	Scott, 2b	3	5
Swope, lf	3	3	Huber, sr., s.s	4	4
Ziegler, H. 1b	4	2	Hoke, 3b	3	5
Spangler, 2b	4	3	Myers, rf	0	3
	27	32		27	44

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Gettysburg	6	9	2	8	1	1	16	8	0	—44
Independent	4	2	1	4	7	2	1	0	2	—23

Fly-catches—Gettysburg 6; Independent 5.
Umpire—John M. Krauth.
Scorer—Wm. Rathvon, Lancaster.

The First Gettysburg Nine went to York Springs yesterday, to play the York Springs Club, on the invitation of the latter.

ANOTHER BARN BURNT.—The Littlestown *Press* says that during the thunder shower, Wednesday evening of last week, the stable of Mr. Isaac Sheely, of Mountpleasant township, this county, was struck by lightning and totally destroyed, together with a carriage, sleigh, &c., which were in the stable at the time.

The house of Mr. James Welsh, also residing in the same vicinity, was struck, and Mrs. Welsh severely, though not dangerously, injured.

ANOTHER.—On Monday night, between 10 and 11 o'clock, a bright light was seen in the southern part of the county, indicating another fire. We have since learned that it was a log Barn about about two miles west of Littlestown, on the property formerly owned by Mr. Jacob Sheely. Mr. Edward Diehl, of New Oxford, purchased the property at Sheriff's sale in June. Mr. John Rodkey was the tenant last year and loses his entire grain crop, which was unthreshed. Mr. John Trostle had taken his threshing machine to the premises the same evening, but it being late when he got there the machine was not put in the barn and was thus saved.—Mr. Ludwig, the present tenant, loses his crop of hay, besides a spring wagon, gears and other articles. The impression is that the fire was the result of incendiarism.—The sheep had been put in the barn during the evening, but they with the cattle were driven out before the barn was fired.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PIC-NIC.—A pleasant Pic-Nic came off on Thursday of last week, in Mr. M. Leeer's grove, about 1¼ miles north-east of York Springs, under the auspices of the York Springs M. E. Sunday School. The Lutheran School united, and a procession was formed at the M. E. Church, and proceeded to the grove, where the Rev. J. B. Anthony, of the Lutheran Church, delivered an interesting address. Dinner was then served to the scholars and visitors, numbering over 225. At 3 clock, the schools were re-assembled and a suitable address delivered by the Rev. T. F. McClure, of the M. E. Church. The day was pleasantly spent in innocent recreation and social intercourse, refreshments being again served up at 4 o'clock, the number on the ground at this time amounting to about 350. In the evening the schools returned to town, everything having passed off satisfactorily.

☞ The storm on Wednesday of last week seems to have broken up the hot spell. The weather for some days has been comparatively cool and pleasant.

We are indebted to Mr. Powers for the usual weekly record of his thermometer. It will be seen that after a few days of pleasant weather, we are getting back into a warm spell. Some how the thermometer has got to habit this summer of registering high figures, and don't like to give it up:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	7 P. M.
Thursday, July 28	72	94	74
Friday, " 29	70	84	75
Saturday, " 30	65	78	68
Sunday, " 31	66	84	69
Monday, August 1	70	84	68
Tuesday, " 2	72	92	78
Wednesday, " 3	70	94	80

EDUCATIONAL.—Among the prominent seminaries of learning for young ladies in this country Collegiate Institute, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., stands at the head. In location, buildings, appointments and instructors, it is unsurpassed. Prof. Cook, one of the principals, has a fame as a rhetorician and public reader as broad as the states. We are glad to learn that a proper attention is here given to the physical as well as mental education of the students. Our schools have hitherto been too remiss in this respect. This institution is highly recommended by President Raymond as a preparatory school for Vassar College. For particulars see announcement in our advertising columns. 1t

ADVERTISING PAYS.—The correspondents from Saratoga and Long Branch all represent the equipage of Dr. H. T. Helmbold, the celebrated New York Druggist, as beyond all question the most costly and imposing turnout at either of these fashionable watering places. Dr. H. has made a large fortune, and makes no secret of his indebtedness to judicious and extensive advertising. For several years after commencing business on a small scale, he devoted every surplus dollar to advertising. He found it paid, and now that he has built up an enormous business and ranks among the millionaires of New York, he continues to expend large sums in advertising. A shrewd business man, he knows the importance of using Printer's Ink freely.

CHANGE OF FIRM.—On the 1st of August the firm of Bigham & Co., Forwarding and Commission Merchants, was dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Alexander Coboan retires from the firm, and Messrs. Wm. M. Bigham and James Bigham will hereafter conduct the business under the firm of Bigham & Brother. Besides the Forwarding and Commission business, they will always keep on hand a large supply of Groceries of all kinds, which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

aug. 4-3t

SALE OF FURNITURE.—On Tuesday of Court week, (August 16,) at 1 o'clock, P. M., will be sold at Public Sale, in the Diamond, a large lot of new Cottage Furniture, which has never been used, and is in prime order—full Chamber sets, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, &c. Persons desiring to examine the Furniture in advance will call on Hon. Robert McCurdy. 2t

FARMERS—And all engaged in Agricultural pursuits, will do well to give Burkholder & Wilson's Star Bone Phosphate a trial. It has been largely used during the last two or three years and has proved itself one of the best Fertilizers extant. There is no humbug about it, as all will say who have tested it. Give it a trial. See advertisement.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—The Adams County Normal School opened its 3d session for the year in Agricultural Hall on Monday last. Persons desiring to attend are requested to be in by the early part of next week. For circular and catalogue address J. HOWARD WERT.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

FRANKLIN.—On Saturday last, at a picnic in Messersmith's woods, near Chambersburg, Abraham Stouffer, aged 18 years, while adjusting a swing fell from a tree, breaking his leg.—During the storm of Wednesday last, Mrs. Holland, of Fayetteville, was seriously injured by lightning. She approached an open window near which passed a lightning rod and while pulling down the sash the shock of electricity along the rod was so great as to render her insensible. It was feared for a few days that the injury might prove fatal. —The barn of Dr. Franz, four miles from Waynesboro', was struck by lightning on the 27th ult., and destroyed, with contents; loss $8,000.—On the 22d ult., as Mrs. Isabella Forsyth, the wife of Mr. Thomas Forsyth, at Carrick Furnace, was pulling cucumbers in her garden, she was bitten by a snake on one ankle. The wound did not give her much inconvenience at the time. It swelled a little, however, and became somewhat inflamed. On the 26th she took very ill and it was thought she would die. The poison seemed to have penetrated her whole system. Dr. Alexander, of Fannettsburg, attended her, and she is now recovering rapidly.—The store of E. J. Small, Funkstown, was entered by burglars on the 21st ult., and $40 in money stolen from the desk.

WASHINGTON.—The colored people of Washington county, will celebrate the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment at Hagerstown on the 6th instant.

YORK.—Dr. James A. Dale and Gates B. Weiser made a balloon ascension from York on Saturday last. The balloon descended in Hopewell township, when Mr. Weiser stepped out, and Dr. Dale resumed his voyage, alighting in Harford county, Md., 10 miles from Bellair, where he made another ascension 100 feet high, with a little girl aged 12 years.—On the 27th, the barn of Jacob S. Bentz, of Carroll twp., was destroyed by lightning, together with his present year's crop. Insurance $700 in the Paradise Insurance Company.—On the same evening the barn of Mr. John Hallacker, of Washington township, was struck by lightning and burned, with this years crop. No insurance.—A little daughter of Mrs. Berkheimer, York, aged 9 years, fell into a well 20 feet deep, with 4 feet of water in it, on Thursday last, through an opening in the floor. Strange to say she was rescued, without injury beyond a few bruises.

WHAT DID IT?—Lyon's Kathairon made my hair soft, luxuriant and thick, and Hagan's Magnolia Balm changed that sallow complexion into the marble beauty you now see. This is emphatically the language of all who use these articles. A fine head of hair and a refined complexion are the greatest attractions a woman can possess. The Kathairon and Magnolia Balm are just what will give them to you, and nothing else will. The Balm is the bloom of youth. It makes a lady of thirty appear but twenty. Both articles are entirely harmless, and very pleasant. They should be in every lady's possession. aug. 5-1m

TO COUNTY MERCHANTS AND STRANGERS.—WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS.—Among the complaints for which the "Schnappe" has been declared a *specific* by the eminent physicians who have corresponded with the proprietor, are—dropsy, dyspepsia, debility consequent upon long continued sickness and old age, epilepsy, asthma, gravel, colic, affections of the kidneys, and all chronic diseases. For these, and many other disorders, it is now prescribed, with great success, by more than three thousand medical practioners in various parts of the United States. 1t

RETURNED.—We have been informed that the Photographer of York Springs, who has been absent for a few weeks, has returned with new facilities for executing good work. He is now prepared to make twelve beautiful pictures for One Dollar. All who wish good work done cheap, should not fail to give him a call. 1t

☞ An Eminent Divine says, "I have been using the Peruvian Syrup. It gives me new vigor, buoyancy of spirits, elasticity of muscle." J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey St., New York, will send, free, a pamphlet of 32 pages, containing a full account of this remarkable medicine, to any one sending him their address. 1t

☞ Lost on the road leading from Gettysburg to Bonaughtown, a package of designs for Worsted Embroidery. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon leaving them at this office. 1t

LIFE INSURANCE.—In the death of Prof. Stoever, of this place, we have another illustration of the advantages and importance of Life Insurance. We learn that about two years ago Prof. S. took out a Policy for $5,000 in the "Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company," of Philadelphia, on which he had made but three payments, amounting in the aggregate to about $350. His family will now realize $5,000. The "Penn Mutual" is one of the oldest and best established companies in the country, with a heavy surplus capital, which pays all Policies promptly. Mr. Henry J. Fahnestock is the Agent for this county. july29,3t

THE WARM WEATHER being upon us, those wishing to refresh themselves will do well to call upon E. H. MINNICH on Chambersburg street and try the celebrated *Cream Soda*, which cannot be surpassed as a refreshing and healthy beverage. He also has constantly on hand the best Ice Cream, in small or large quantities to suit all. Pic-nics and Parties furnished at reduce prices. Give us a call and see for yourselves. july8-t9

ALWAYS AHEAD.—Capt. NORRIS is determined not to be outdone by rivals, and hence has been brushing up his "Head-Quarters," on the corner of the Diamond and Chambersburg street, (Arnold's corner,) where he has on hand the largest and best assortment of Ready-made Clothing of all kinds, for Spring and Summer use, ever opened in Gettysburg, and which he is offering at astonishingly low figures. His stock of Straw Hats embraces all styles, qualities, and prices. ap22-tf

SAVE MONEY.—Pending the agitation of the Funding Bill, which will evidently depreciate Government Bonds, persons would do well by reading the advertisement of the "Gettysburg National Bank," in another column, and exchange their Government Bonds and realize a handsome profit thereby, and obtain an investment as safe and profitable. tf

☞ Spring and Summer Goods just received. Read COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM'S advertisement and learn where to buy Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Notions, &c., at redneed prices. Baltimore st., opposite Fahnestock Bros. ap22-tf

FOR RENT.—Several desirable Rooms in outh-east corner of the Diamond, the late residence of Hon. R. G. Harper, deceased. For terms, &c., inquire of Mrs. Harper.

☞ Hamlin's Celebrated *Wizard Oil*, for rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, toothache, &c., for sale by A. D. Buehler, Druggist, Gettysburg. tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A good second-hand Falling and Shifting-top Buggy. Enquire at this office. tf

SETTLE UP!

The death of Mr. HARPER and the consequent dissolution of the firm of HARPER, MCPHERSON & BUEHLER, makes it necessary to effect an immediate settlement of all outstanding accounts The Books of the late firm have been placed in my hands for collection. All persons in arrears for Jobbing, Advertising and Subscription are requested to call and settle.

Subscribers can see by the labels on their papers the dates to which their subscriptions are paid, and will remit accordingly. From all who remit at once, (without subjecting the firm to the expenses of sending out bills for collection,) $2 a year will be accepted—thereby saving 50 cents a year.

D. A. BUEHLER.

June 10, 1870.—tf

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.

Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	6 00	@	6 50
EXTRA FLOUR	6 75	@	7 50
WHITE WHEAT	1 70	@	1 86
RED WHEAT	1 20	@	1 85
CORN	1 10	@	1 20
RYE	92	@	95
OATS	47	@	51
TIMOTHY-SEED	00	@	00
CLOVER-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
FLAX-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
BACON, SHOULDERS	15¼	@	16
" SIDES	16	@	18½
" HAMS	0 00	@	26
LARD	17	@	18

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.

Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	0 00	@	0 00
EXTRA FLOUR	0 00	@	5 75
WHITE WHEAT	0 00	@	0 00
RED WHEAT	1 20	@	1 30
CORN	0 00	@	95
RYE	0 00	@	90
OATS	40	@	45
BUCKWHEAT	0 00	@	0 00
TIMOTHY-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
CLOVER-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
POTATOES	0 00	@	30
BUTTER	0 00	@	20
LARD	00	@	16
EGGS	00	@	16
BACON, SHOULDERS	00	@	18
" SIDES	00	@	12½
" HAMS	00	@	12½
SOAP	00	@	18
TALLOW	00	@	6
	00	@	00

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

July 30th, 1870.

3o'clock, P. M.			
U. S. 6's of '81	113½	@	113¾
" " '62	110¼	@	110¾
" " '64	109¾	@	109¾
" " '65	109¼	@	110
" " '65 new	108¾	@	110¼
" " '67	108¾	@	109
" " '68	108¾	@	109
" 5's, 10-40's	105¾	@	106¼
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy	110¾	@	111
Due Comp. Int. Notes	19		
Gold	121¾	@	121¾
Silver	112	@	115
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds	815	@	815
Central Pacific R. R.	855	@	870
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds	740	@	770

MARRIED.

LOWER—HARTMAN.—On the 18th ult., by the Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. John C. D. Lower of Aventville to Miss Emma C.-Hartman of Mcnallen township.

MILLER—FRANKFORTER.—On the 26th ult., by Rev. Peter Rex, Mr. Cornelius Miller to Miss Lavina Catharine, daughter of the late D. C. Frankforter both of Manchester, Md.

☞ Westminster papers please publish.

SMITH—ARENDT.—On the 28th ult., in this place, by the Rev. W. H. Beatrich, Mr. John H. Smith to Miss Lottie A. Arendt, both of Butler township, this county.

SIMPSON—WAGNER.—On the 31st ult., at the Reformed Parsonage, New Oxford, by the Rev. W. F. Davis, Mr. James O. Simpson to Miss Sarah Agnes Wagner, both of Round Hill, Reading township.

DIED.

Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over four lines—cash to accompany the notice.

ALWINE.—On the 20th ult., Mr. Conrad Alwine, of Oxford township, aged 58 years.

BLAIR.—On the 25th ult., near Butters's Station, Mrs. Eliza Blair, aged 70 years, 11 months and 5 days.

CASHAUGH.—On the 1st of July last, Dr. Frank. Cashaugh, son of Mr. Manuel Carbaugh, aged about 25 years.

BAER.—On the 25th ult., at the Two Taverns, James Burtin, only child of J. H. and Kate A. Baer, aged 4 months.

BERNTHAL.—On the 23d ult., in this place, Louis Bernthal, aged 46 years 4 months and 6 days. His remains were taken to Baltimore and buried in the Citizen's Cemetery, under the direction of Carnegie Tribe of that place.

HELBURN.—At Woodstock, Virginia, on the 26th ult., Isaac Helburn, formerly of Adams county, (brother of Frothemoory Helburn,) aged about 70 years.

MEYSTON.—At Abbottstown on the 16th ult., Harry Samuel, son of Washington and Emily D. Metzger, aged 5 months and 25 days.

WOLF.—In Hamilton township, on the 16th ult., Cornelius Edward, son of Amos and Lydia Ann Wolf, aged 10 months and 10 days.

ZIEGLER.—On the 27th ult., in this place, Julia Charlotte, infant child of Charles and Emma Ziegler, aged 7 months and 7 days.

Special Notices.

TO THE TRADE.

Wm. Blair & Son offer a large assortment of the best Fruit Jars at *prices that defy competition.*—Also, prime Mess Shad, Mackerel, Dry Salt Potomac Herring, Salt, Sugars, Syrups, Coffees, Wares, Coal Oil, and everything else in our line, that storekeepers may want, in quantities and at prices that will not fail to please. Please give us a call.

WILLIAM BLAIR & SON,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers and Queensware Merchants,
"South End," Carlisle Pa.

July 22, 1870.

PREPARE FOR THE CHOLERA.

With the "heated term" comes the danger of the rightful pestilence—Cholera and kindred diseases. What untold and indescribable misery has been visited upon thousands annually by these awful complaints. But every one ought to be made aware that a specific for this class of diseases, as well as a certain preventive, is the celebrated MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS. It will positively fortify the system against the attacks of Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Diarrhœa, Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Cholic, Painters' Cholic, &c. D. H. Bissell, M. D., Physician-in-chief of the U. S. Hospital Ship, "Falcon," highly recommends it for Cholera, and has used it with marvellous success in such cases. It acts like an angel of mercy in every instance. Sold by all druggists and dealers.—Price one dollar per bottle. [Aug. 5.-1m

AMERICAN WINES.—It is not generally known that Cape Colony produces the most delicious wines grown on the face of the earth. A cargo received as a remittance by our neighbors Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., contains several varieties raised there, among which the Constancia commands the highest price of any wine in the world. Almost the entire crop of it is consumed in the palaces of Europe, this rare exception being sent to them in exchange for their medicines, which have long been the staple remedies of South Africa.—Boston Journal. 1t

A TREATISE ON THE HAIR
SENT FREE BY MAIL BY THE PROPRIETORS OF
HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,
Which is the best article ever known to
RESTORE GRAY HAIR
TO ITS ORIGINAL YOUTHFUL COLOR.
It will prevent the Hair from falling out.
Makes the hair smooth and glossy, and does not stain the skin!
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. [Aug. 5.—1m

☞ DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear, (his specialty) in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience,* (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients; as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [March 18, 1870.—1y

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS.
For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Paper makers' Wires. Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia. Feb. 11, 1870.—1y

TO THE LADIES!

There can be nothing that will please the ladies better than a good article, which is nee ted in every family for every day's use. Such an article is KEYES' GENUINE AMERICAN TALLOW SOAP, recommended for the following purposes: *For General Household Use. For the Toilet. For the Laundry. For Chapped Hands, &c.* Sold by all Grocers and Store-keepers everywhere.

NATHAN FRICK, Sole Agent, No. 519 North Front street, Philadelphia. [Feb. 11, 1870.—6m

BLANK DEEDS—Common, Executor, Admin istrator, Assignee and Trustee, Mortgages Summons, Warrants, Informations, Subpœnas Notes, Articles of Agreement, and all other kinds of Blanks, always on hand.

New Advertisements.

Hagerstown Female Seminary.

Will commence its
SEVENTEENTH SCHOLASTIC YEAR
On Monday, September 5th.

The course of study embraces both the solid and ornamental branches, under the supervision and instruction of a large corps of Professors and Teachers of long experience and pre-eminent ability.

The domestic arrangements contemplate full provision for the
COMFORT OF BOARDING PUPILS.

☞ Rates of charge moderate.

For Catalogues, or any desired information, address
REV. W. F. EYSTER, A. M., Principal,
Aug. 5-4t Hagerstown, Md.

A RARE CHANCE
FOR A VERY VALUABLE
FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale a very VALUABLE FARM, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, Pa., ½ mile from Idaville, containing 100 ACRES of Patented Land, of which there are about 25 Acres in excellent Timber. The land is in a high state of cultivation and under the best of fencing, of which the greater part is post fencing. There have been upwards of 600 bushels of lime put on the farm within the last four years. The soil is copper stone and it produces equal to limestone. The improvements consist of a two-story STONE DWELLING HOUSE, a never-failing spring with Spring House convenient to the dwelling, frame and log Barn of 50 feet, containing Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, and all other necessary outbuildings. There is also a Peach Orchard containing 1200 choice trees in prime bearing; also, a young Apple Orchard containing 220 of the choicest of trees coming into bearing; also, an old Apple Orchard, and small fruits in abundance, consisting of Cherries, Pears, Grapes, Plums, &c. The land cannot be surpassed for raising fruit. The farm cannot be surpassed in the County for water.—There are two small streams running through the farm, and never-failing springs of the best of water in every field on the farm, but one. Post Office, Store, Mills of all descriptions, Churches, and School House all convenient.

☞ Persons wishing to buy should not fail to examine the above property.

ISAAC GROUPE.

IDAVILLE, PA., Aug. 5, 1870.—tf

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Established in 1861. Excellent opportunities for a complete English education. Ancient and Modern Languages, Arts, Music, Elocution and Gymnastics thoroughly taught. Also
VASSAR COLLEGE PREPARTORY SCHOOL.
Special course of study furnished by President Raymond. Scholastic Year begins Sept. 12, 1870. For Catalogue address the Principals, GEO. W. COOK, A. M., and MARY B. JOHNSON. 4t

STEUBENVILLE (O.) FEMALE SEMINARY. —Delightfully situated on the banks of the Ohio. With over forty years' experience this well known School offers unusual advantages for a thorough education both in the solid and ornamental branches. The cost is only about $5 a week. *A deduction of one-fourth for the daughters of ministers.* The next school year (of 40 weeks) begins Sept. 7, 1870. Send for Catalogue to Rev. CHAS. C. BEATTY, D.D., LL.D., Supt. or Rev. A. M. REID, Ph. D., Principal. 4t

HIGHTSTOWN CLASSICAL INSTITUTE *for Young Men and Boys.* Send for circulars to Rev. J. E. ALEXANDER, Principal. Hightstown, N. J.

FEMALE COLLEGE, Bordentown, N. J. Board and Tuition ₤38 per year. For Catalogues address Rev. Jno. H. BRAKELEY, A. M., Principal. 4t

PENNSYLVANIA FEMALE COLLEGE.—The 39th Annual Session will open Sept. 5th, 1870. Catalogues sent on application. Address H. F. SHERMAN, A. M., Collegeville, Mont. Co., Pa. 4t

INVENTORS Address EDSON BROS., Patent Agents, 479 Ninth st., Washington, D. C., for advice terms and references. 4t

APPLE PARING, CORING and SLICING MACHINE.—Takes a turns of the crank to each apple. Sold at Stores. Will be sent on receipt of $1.50. Address D. H. WHITTEMORE, Worcester, Mass. 4w

SAXON GREEN.

Is Brighter, will not Fade, Cost less than any other because it will Paint twice as much surface.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN

PAINTS.

J. H. WEEKS & CO., Manufacturers, 122 North 4th Street, Philadelphia. 4w

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.

A Book of 125 closely printed pages, lately issued, contains a list of the best American Advertising Mediums, giving the names, circulations, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Political and Family Newspapers, to be found in all those having large circulations, Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c., &c. Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, will find this book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of fifteen cents. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 40 Park Row, New York.

The Pittsburg (Pa.) *Leader*, in its issue of May 29, 1870, says: "The firm of G. P. Rowell & Co., which issues this interesting and valuable book, is the largest and best Advertising Agency in the United States, and we can cheerfully recommend it to the attention of those who desire to advertise their business *scientifically and systematically* in such a way that is, so to secure the largest amount of publicity for the least expenditure of money." 4t

PATENTS.

Inventors who wish to take out Letters Patent are advised to counsel with MUNN & CO., editors of the *Scientific American*, who have prosecuted claims before the Patent Office for over Twenty Years. Their American and European Patent Agency is the most extensive in the world. A pamphlet containing full instructions to inventors is sent gratis.

MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York. 4t

SALESMEN WANTED in a paying business.—S. KENNEDY, 413 Chestnut st., Phila. 4t

WEIGH
THESE WORDS.

All who suffer from indigestion, bilious, disorders, nervous affections, constipation or undue relaxation of the bowels, are invited to consider these facts, viz: That the curative operation of TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT, in all such cases, is proven by overwhelming testimony; that profound medical practitioner endorses it; that Analytical Chemists pronounce it identical with the water of the great German Spas; that it purifies and regulates the system without weakening it; that it is delightfully refreshing, and that every element it contains is either corrective, alterative, or invigorating. Weigh these words.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 4t

WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced on a smooth face (without injury) in Six Weeks by "FRENCH ONGUENT." Mailed for 50 cts. Packages $1. Prof. MILLER, Adams, Mass. Aug. 5, 1870.—4t

Star Bone Phosphate!

The best known Fertilizer.

TRIED AND APPROVED!

THE "Star Bone Phosphate," manufactured by BURKHOLDER & WILSON, is no longer an experiment, but has been

Thoroughly Tried and Tested

during the last year or two, by numerous Farmers in Adams and adjoining counties, and wherever used is admitted to be the

BEST AND CHEAPEST

Fertilizer now in market. The proprietors therefore confidently recommend it to Farmers and Agriculturists, assured that all who try it, will not be willing to do without it.

THE AMMONIA

is supplied abundantly from the organic portion of the bone.

Price $55 per Ton in Bags.

Farmers wishing Ground Bone, Oil of Vitrol, can be supplied. Give us a call.

BURKHOLDER & WILSON,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

PETER BOSLTZ, Manufacturer.

☞ The Phosphate is for sale by
A. SPANGLER, Gettysburg, Pa.
WIBLE & SON, Gettysburg, Pa.
MELHORN & BENDER, New Oxford
GEO. YOUNG & SON, Hanover, Pa.
JOS. MCBRIDE, York Springs, Pa.

July 8, 1870.—3m

Surveying—Conveyancing.

J. S. WITHEROW,

FAIRFIELD, PA.,

Tenders his services to the public as a

PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,

and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms. Having taken out a Conveyancer's License, he will also attend to preparing

Deeds, Bonds, Releases, Wills, Leases, Articles of Agreement, Clerking at Sales, &c.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage.—Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. P. O. address, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa. [June 3, 1870.—6m

New Advertisements.

AGENTS EARN $200 A MONTH Selling John S. C. Abbott's last great work, the LIVES OF ALL THE PRESIDENTS. Over 600 pages, nearly fifty steel and wood engravings. Sells at sight. More agents wanted. Send for description and Terms. Franklin Publishing Co., 721 Market St., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w

$16,500 Worth sold by one agent in four months. Agents Wanted for
MEN OF PROGRESS
by Jas. Parton, Greeley and other prominent writers. It is the most complete and compendious literary and artistic work ever published. It contains sketches of Charles Dickens, Burlingame *New York and Hartford Publishing Company, London,* and 50 other prominent Americans. 205 and 213 East 12th street, N. Y. 4w

WELL'S
CARBOLIC TABLETS.

The great Healing Balsamic remedy for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, &c., &c. For Worms Children they are invaluable; for Kidney difficulty a specific—Try them. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sent by mail on receipt of the price, by J. C. KELLOGG, 31 Platt St., N. Y. Sole Agent for the U. S.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. 4w

LIFE IN UTAH

OR TH

Farm, Garden & Household.

A HAY-TIME LYRIC.

'Twas now the fourth day's sultry noon—
The field was almost done,
When lo! a cloud was in the west,
And rising toward the sun.

"Run for the oxen quickly, boys,
No rest at noon to-day,
The farmer said, "it looks like rain,
And we may lose the hay."

The wagon soon drove briskly out,
The men glanced at the sky,
And two "pitched-up" for one to load—
They piled the wagon high.

The load went rustling through the bars—
The top was jostled o'er;
"More haste, less speed," in merry tones
Came from the farm-house door.

The scrambling loader fell not quite—
Up went the hay once more,
And soon the wagon rumbling drove
Upon the old barn floor.

The farmer's daughter to the barn
Bore water for the men;
Each wiped his face and took a draught,
And went to work again.

Load after load was stored away
And black clouds hid the sun;
"But one load more, and then, my boys,"
The farmer says, "we've done."

The heavy thunder crashed and rolled,
The lightning flashed around,
But still the men plied fork and rake,
Nor heeded sight nor sound.

While staggering 'neath the last full forks
The pouring rain began;
And well it drenched those harvesters
While to the barn they ran!

But joy it was to them to see
The last load clatter in;
"Hurrah! hurrah! the hay is done,"
Was heard among the men.

THE CELERY CROP.—We hold to the same opinion now that have for twenty-five years, that as a rule the transplanting of Celery is deferred to too late a period. In nine cases out of ten there is not time enough allowed to fully develop the crop. Will not the experience of nearly every one affirm this; another mistake is shown in setting the plants too near the surface of the ground, rendering the banking-up difficult and deficient. We greatly prefer the old way in vogue since the first cultivation of celery in this country; it is to dig trenches full ten inches deep; stir up the subsoil thoroughly; mix with plenty of short, well rotted yard manure; set the plants; water twice a day; cover with boards to protect from the sun six or seven hours a day, say from 9 to 4, until the plants are well established; then apply manure daily, in the absence of rain, until filling in and banking up of the earth begins.

The plants for early use—for the latter part of November and through December—should be set the last week in June; and all the rest by the middle of July.

Many persons cultivate celery in double or triple rows. This does well enough were ground is scarce; but were there is plenty of room single rows are to be preferred, even though the plants are set closer together than usual. We have had celery by the single row system three feet and a half high in length by the end of September.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

SEASONS FOR DRYING SWEET HERBS.—Herbs for the kitchen use should be gathered on a dry day, immediately well cleansed, and then dried in the heat of a stove or Dutch oven; then pick off the leaves, pound, sift, and put them into stopped bottles, labeled for use, and keep in a dry place. Gather the different herbs in the months directed: Basil in the middle of August; burnet, in June, July and August; chervil, in May, June and July; fennel, in May, June and July; pot marjoram, in July; lemon thyme, in the end of July and through August; mint, in the end of June and July; orange thyme, in June and July; parsely, in May, June and July; sage, in August and September; summer savory, in the end of July and August; tarragon, in June, July and August; thyme, in the end of July and August; winter savory, in the end of July and August.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert McCurdy.
Prothonotary—Jacob Melhorn.
Register and Recorder—Samuel Swope.
Clerk of the Courts—H. G. Wolf.
District Attorney—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Wm. J. Martin.
Sheriff—Jacob Klunk.
Coroner—Dr. M. L. Gates.
Surveyor—Jesse D. Keller.
Commissioners—Jacob Stitt, Moses Hartman, Emanuel Neidich. *Clerk*—J. Jefferson Myers.
Counsel—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. O'Neal.
Directors of the Poor—Martin Getz, Benjamin Deardorff, L. Swartz. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. A. Picking. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—J. C. Neely, *Physician*—Dr. J. W. O'Neal.
Auditors—Martin E. Bollinger, Eli G. Heagy, David Rhodes.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

Burgess—Dr. J. L. Hill.
Council—W. S. Hamilton, C. A. Boyer, Jacob W. Cress, Robert Tate, M. M. Smith, Jr., C. Row.
Clerk—J. Aughinbaugh. *Treasurer*—S. R. Russel.
Constables—Wm. J. Tate, George W. Welkert.
School Directors—Wm. Gulnn, W. T. King, Hiram Warren, J. M. Krauth, Jacob Aughinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—J. M. Krauth. *Treasurer*—E. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

President—George Swope.
Cashier—J. Emory Bair.
Teller—Henry S. Benner.
Directors—George Swope, William Young, Henry Witmer, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Hines, Joshua Motter, John Waugh.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

President—George Throne.
Cashier—George Arnold.
Teller—Samuel Bushman.
Directors—George Throne, Robt. Bell, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, John Musselman John Wolford.

RIVER GREEN CEMETERY.

President—J. L. Schick.
Secretary—William R. Meals.
Treasurer—Alexander Cobean.
Managers—John Rupp, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner, George Spangler, George Little, William R. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—David A. Buehler.
Treasurer—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President—Samuel Herbst.
Vice Presidents—Ephraim Myers, J. S. Witherow.
Corresponding Secretary—H. L. Baehr.
Recording Secretary—Edward Fahnestock.
Treasurer—David Wills.
Managers—William B. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Routzahn, Frederick Diehl, W. Ross White.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

President—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Vice President—William A. Duncan.
Secretary—John F. McCreary.
Treasurer—John Culp.
Managers—J. M. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, A. J. Cover, D. Kendlehart, W. P. Atkinson.

GAS COMPANY.

President—E. G. Fahnestock.
Secretary—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Col. B. Danner.
Managers—A. D. Buehler, M. Eichelberger, H. D. Watties, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. R. Danner.

WATER COMPANY.

President—George W. McClellan.
Secretary and Treasurer—S. R. Russell.
Managers—G. W. McClellan, E. R. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. J. Scahle, M. Eichelberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

Sequestrator—Robert McCurdy.
Secretary and Treasurer—David Will.

	First.	Second.
Trains depart	8.45 A. M.	2.45 P. M.
" arrive	12.25 P. M.	6.45 P. M.

The first train makes close connection North and South, the second train South.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
Union Encampment, No. 126, I. O. O. F.—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 336, A. Y. M.—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
Gen. Reynolds Lodge No. 180, I. O. G. T.—On Baltimore street, near the Postoffice, every Monday evening.
Gettysburg Tent, No. 334, I. O. G. T.—Meets every Friday evening, in the Hall, N. E. Corner Center Square.
Adams Division, No. 124, S. of T.—Meets every Thursday evening, in the Hall, N. E. Corner Center Square.
Cayuga Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
Howe Council, No. 213, O. U. A. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Wednesday evening.

CHURCHES.

Lutheran, (Christ's)—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D. Services by Professors of College and Seminary, alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday evening service omitted.
Lutheran, (St. James')—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Methodist Episcopal—Revs. H. C. Cheston, J. C. Clarke. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
Presbyterian—Rev. Wm. H. Hillis. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
German Reformed—Rev. W. R. H. Deatrick. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Catholic—Rev. Joseph Boll. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.
United Presbyterian—Rev. J. Jamieson. Service by special appointments.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

JOHN PICKING. F. B. PICKING.

OPENED OUT AGAIN!

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Notions, &c.,

THE undersigned, doing business under the firm of PICKING & CO., have opened a new Store Room in the large three-story Brick Building, on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite Buehler's Drug Store, and invite their old friends to give them a call. We have laid in an entirely

NEW STOCK OF GOODS,

selected with care, of the very best make and latest styles, comprising

READY-MADE CLOTHING, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, DUSTERS, WOOLEN SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SUSPENDERS, CRAVATS, NECK-TIES, HATS, CAPS, AND

NOTIONS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

All of which have been bought in a falling market, and will be sold at astonishingly low rates.

We have also on hand a large assortment of LADIES' MISSES & CHILDRENS'

SHOES,

of latest styles and best make, which we are selling out at cost, to close out the stock. Call and examine.

JOHN PICKING,
F. B. PICKING.

April 8, 1870. tf

NORRIS'

HEADQUARTERS!

On South-East Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Has the Largest and Best Stocks of

SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING,

THE LATEST STYLES

HATS AND CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WITH A VARIETY OF

Summer Under-clothing,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every variety; also a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

And everything found in a Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

April 22, 1870.—tf

Spring & Summer Clothing

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM

HAVE just received from the City a new and large stock of

Clothing, Hats and Caps,

BOOTS AND SHOES, NOTIONS, SEGARS, &c., &c.

LATEST STYLES.

One and all are invited to call at our Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bros.

R. C. COBEAN,
JAS. CUNNINGHAM.

April 15, 1870.—tf

SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING,

AT F. CUNNINGHAM'S,

Chambersburg street, next door to Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. You will always find the best qualities and latest styles of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

of all styles and sizes. Also,

SHIRTS, TRUNKS,

VALISES, UMBRELLAS,

and a great and large variety of NOTIONS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, CLOCKS, WATCHES,

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

He has in connection with his Ready-Made Clothing, commenced

Merchant Tailoring,

in all its branches. The public will always find the latest Styles of

Cloths, Cassimers, Tweeds, Jeans, Trimmings, &c., at his Store.

D. W. C. DANNER, a Tailor of long experience, will always be found on hand ready to measure, cut and manufacture you a good fitting suit.

Goods bought elsewhere, will be cut and made up to suit customers. [April 22, 1870.—tf

WOLF'S

Cheap Clothing Store,

On the Northeast Corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.,

Has the largest and best stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING,

ever offered in this place. Also, the very latest and best styles of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

with a variety of **Summer Under-Clothing**, and **Gents' Furnishing Goods** generally.

Also, a fine assortment of **Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Notions, &c.**

The best manufactured Leather Trunks and Valises, Carpet Bags and Umbrellas always on hand.

Hosiery and Gloves, a large assortment. Children's Fancy Shoes of all kinds. In short, everything that is usually kept in a first-class Gent's Furnishing Store.

All will be sold as low as the lowest, our motto being, "Quick sales and small profits." Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.

S. WOLF.

May 20, 1870—tf

GO TO

KLINGEL'S

FOR YOUR

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters!

D. H. KLINGEL, on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, Gettysburg, has just received a large stock of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, which he is selling at greatly reduced prices. He embraces

FOR LADIES—Congress Gaiters, Balmoral Gaiters, Kid Slippers, all style, Morocco Balmorals, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN—French Calf Boots, American Calf Boots, Kip Boots, Congress Gaiters, Calf Balmorals, Slippers, all styles, Brogans, &c.

FOR MISSES—Congress Gaiters, Balmoral Gaiters, Morocco Balmorals, &c.

FOR BOYS—Congress Gaiters, Calf Balmorals, Brogans, &c.

Infant Shoes of all kinds.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that I can please all who may call.

THE MANUFACTURING

of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest of leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage. D. H. KLINGEL.

May 13, 1870.—tf

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

REMOVED.

JOSEPH JACOBS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED

Next door to J. W. Cress' Store, on Chambersburg st., near the Square.

A large assortment of **Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Trimmings &c., &c.,**

offered at the smallest profits.

Goods bought at the Store *cut free of charge.* Goods made up with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. Latest N. Y. Fashions received, and tailoring done in the most approved style. Cutting done, as usual.

The public patronage solicited, and no effort spared to please.

April 22, 1870.—tf JOS. JACOBS.

Books, Drugs, Medicines.

69. JUNE 69.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs & Family Medicines

AT ENT MEDICINES,

Liquors and Wines for Medical Purposes, Pure Spices and Flavoring Extracts, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Soaps, Perfumes and Toilet Goods, Inks, Writing Fluids and Stationery, Physician's Prescriptions and Family recipes accurately put up. Physicians and country Merchants supplied at REDUCED RATES.

Forney's Horse Powder

the best and cheapest for Horses, Cattle and Swine. Other Horse Powders of approved makes.

HUBER'S

Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

June 11, 1869.—tf

DR. R. HORNER,

has resumed the

Practice of Medicine.

Office at his

DRUG STORE,

In Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg.

Also, Dealer in

PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, SPICES, BAKING SODA, DYE STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES.

Jan. 14, 1870.—tf

DR. JAMES CRESS,

DRUGGIST,

Store in Brant's Building, Baltimore Street,

LITTLESTOWN.

HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of

Drugs and Family Medicines, pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,

Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy Articles. Also, full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard and soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or blueing. This is the best Soap in use. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.

JAMES CRESS.

Littlestown, May 13.—ly

A. D. BUEHLER,

DRUG & BOOK STORE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES,

GOLD PENS,

&c., &c., &c.

Chambersburg Street, near Diamond.

Country Merchants supplied at City wholesale rates. [Feb. 25, 1870.—tf

Livery Stables.

WEAVER & SON.

Livery, Sales & Exchange

STABLES,

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that they have better accommodations than ever to supply the public with all kinds of Conveyances that can be found in a first-class livery. Their Horses, Hacks, and Sleighs cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town. In prices they defy competition.

HORSES AND MULES

bought and sold, on reasonable terms.

GIVE US A CALL.

Take Notice.

THE undersigned is desirous of closing up his old accounts, and would ask all those indebted to call and settle the same. The books will be found at the above stables and all persons indebted are earnestly requested to call and square their accounts. NICHOLAS WEAVER.

Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

EAGLE LIVERY,

Sale and Exchange Stables,

Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg Street GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned have opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE, in this place, and are prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. We have provided ourselves with

Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c.,

of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. Our horses are good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargaining given. Our motto is "Fair Dealing and Small Profits."

Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes us. Give us a call.

PERRY J. TATE.
WILLIAM D. HOLTZWORTH.

Dec. 31, 1869.—tf

Notice to the Public!

THE undersigned is running a Line of Stages from Hagerstown to Middletown, leaving Hagerstown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, A. M., and returning to Hagerstown, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock, A. M., connecting at Middletown with Stages leaving Gettysburg at half past four o'clock and returning to Gettysburg at half past four o'clock next morning. Gettysburg and Hagerstown to make connection with the 5 o'clock train for Baltimore. ANNA WARREN.

May 31.—tf [Sept. 16, 1869.—tf

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers

have just opened a choice and desirable assortment of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS of every description, which they are SELLING AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

BARGAINS.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS are selling GOODS at astonishingly low prices. Those wanting bargains, should by all means give them a call.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

If you want GOODS at old prices before the War, don't fail to buy at

FAHNESTOCKS.

"FIP" CALICO

as good as was ever sold, at

FAHNESTOCKS.

Fahnestock Brothers

KEEP

Dry Goods, Carpets, &c.,

HARDWARE, SADDLERY, &c.,

QUEENS-WARE, CEDAR-WARE, GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS, AND WINDOW GLASS.

Give them a call.

April 29, 1870—tf

J. L. SCHICK.

has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

that has been brought to Gettysburg this Spring, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

May 6. 1870—tf.

GREAT RUSH!

Rebert & Elliott's Store,

IN GETTYSBURG,

WAS entered last week and a large quantity of Dry Goods, Notions, Queens-ware and Carpeting taken.

The parties are well known, but have thus far escaped, as they left Greenbacks in exchange for goods.

The persons who took the goods are very well satisfied that they received more and better goods for their money, than they could have got at any other store.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

And examine our large assortment of

SILKS, GINGHAMS, LAWNS, BAREGES, ALPACCAS, &C., CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, JEANS, VESTINGS, &C.

Also, CARPETS, NOTIONS, GLASS-WARE, QUEENS-WARE, and indeed, a general assortment of everything belonging to a first-classstore.

Remember the place is opposite the Court-house. Baltimore street, and that our motto is "Fair Dealing and Small Profits.

April 29, 1870—tf

LADY'S STORE,

AT FLORA DALE, PA.

WE have on hand and are constantly receiving a general assortment of GOODS usually kept in a country store, which will be sold at

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

All goods bought from us will be made up if desired, on the Singer Sewing Machine at a reduced price. Sewing of all kinds done at short notice and low rates.

May 13 1870—3m EPPLEY & HOOFES.

NEW

Spring & Summer Goods,

AT PETERSBURG, Y. S., PA.

GRIEST & BOWERS,

have received their new SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, an excellent assortment, selected with care, and will be sold cheap for cash.

Give us call a and examine our Goods.

GRIEST & BOWERS.

N. B.—Agents for the GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machines.

April 29, 1870—tf

T. R. COVER. A. RAFFENSPERGER.

NEW FIRM.

ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, under the firm name of COVER & RAFFENSPERGER, call the attention of their friends and the public generally, to their splendid assortment of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Queensware,

all of which have been purchased in a falling market for cash, and which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest figures. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

A lot of good Bacon for sale.

COVER & RAFFENSPERGER.

Arendtsville, Pa., April 15, 1870.—tf

Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

WM. F. M'CARTNEY wishes to inform his customers and the public generally, that having purchased the interest of his partner, (I. Y. Boyer,) in the well-known Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no effort to give satisfaction to all.

He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

GOLD and SILVER AMERICAN and SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER, TEA and TABLE SPOONS, SPECTACLES, GOLD, SILVER and STEEL FRAME SPECTACLES, CLOCKS of the best Manufacture, ACCORDEONS, &c., &c.

REPAIRING.

All Watch and Clock work warranted for one year, Jewelry repaired, cheaper than ever, and workmanship neatest.

[Sept. 16, 1869.—tf

Financial.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

Government Bonds of all kinds,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

The Highest Premium paid on Gold and Silver.

Coupons Cashed or Collected!

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS, of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed.

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS of all denominations for sale.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced*

1 *per cent. viz:*

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,

4 PER CENT. for 6 months,

3 PER CENT. for 6 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call, and we will cheerfully give any information.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869—tf

SAFE AND PROFITABLE

INVESTMENT.

NORTHERN CENTRAL

RAILWAY

6 Per Cent. Gold Bonds

AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.

PRINCIPLE AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD!

Thirty Years to Run!!

All Taxes Paid by the Company.

Persons possessing U. S. Bonds can make, by exchanging,

From $150 to $175 on $1,000,

AND GET IN EXCHANGE

GOLD BONDS

bearing the same rate of interest.

For further information inquire at the

Gettysburg National Bank

J. EMORY BAIR, *Cashier.*

June 10, 1870.—tf

5-20'S AND 1881'S

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD BOUGHT & SOLD

AT MARKET RATES.

COUPONS CASHED!

PACIFIC R. R. BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

CHICAGO, DANVILLE AND VINCENNES

FIRST MORTGAGE 7 P. C.

GOLD BONDS

For Sale at 90 and accrued interest.

Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

No. 40 South 3rd Street.

PHILADELPHIA, ENN'A.

March 4, 1870.—1y

Fire and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated, March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg, (Y. S.)

This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 19 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $30,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

June 10, 1869—tf

Medical.

HOW TO CURE

CONSUMPTION!!

THE PHILOSOPHY OF DR. SCHENCK'S GREAT MEDICINES.—Will people never learn to know that a diseased liver and stomach necessarily disease the entire system? The plainest principles of common sense teach this, and yet there are hundreds who ridicule the idea, and continue in the course which almost inevitably brings them permaturely to the grave. Living as the majority of the people do, at complete variance with the laws of nature, it must be apparent to all that, sooner or later, nature will revenge herself. Hence we find that persons who indulge to excess in the use of very rich or indigestible food or intoxicating drinks, invariably pay a heavy penalty in the end. The stomach becomes disordered and refuses to act; the liver fails to perform its functions, dyspepsia and its attendant evils follow, and still the suffering individuals persist in clinging to the thoroughly exploded ideas of the past. Dr. Schenck's medicines are recommended to all such. They are sure and certain relief wherever they are used as directed, and all that is necessary to establish their reputation with every willing man or woman in the land is a fair and impartial trial of them. Let those who are skeptical on this point, and who have permitted interested persons to prejudice them against these now celebrated remedies for Consumption, discard their prejudices, and be governed by the principles of reason and common sense. If the system is disordered, depend upon it, in nine cases out of ten the seat of disorder will be found in the stomach and liver. To cleanse and invigorate the stomach and to stimulate the liver to healthy action, use

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—The daily increasing demand for these pills is the best evidence of their efficacy. Thousands upon thousands of boxes are sold daily. Why? Simply because they act promptly and efficiently. Invalids who may not find it convenient to call on Dr. Schenck in person are informed that full and complete directions for use accompany each package of the MANDRAKE PILLS, PULMONIC SYRUP AND SEA-WEED TONIC.—These medicines will cure consumption unless the lungs are so far gone that the patient is entirely beyond the reach of medical relief.

It may be asked by those who are not familiar with the virtues of these great remedies, "How do Dr. Schenck's medicines effect their wonderful cures of consumption?"

The answer is simple one. They begin their work of restoration by bringing the stomach, liver and bowels into an acive healthy condition. It is food that cures this and every other disease. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS act on the liver and stomach, promoting healthy secretion, and removing the bile and slime that have accumulated from the inactive or torpid condition of these organs, and of the system generally. This sluggish state of the body, and the consequent accumulation of the unhealthy substances named prevent the proper digestion of food, and, as a natural consequence creates disease, which results in prostration and finally in death.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP and SEA-WEED TONIC, when taken regularly, mingle with the food, aid the digestive organs, make a good rich blood, and as a natural consequence, give flesh and strength to the patient. Let the faculty say what it may, this is the only true cure for consumption. Experience has proved it beyond the shadow of a doubt, and thousands are to-day alive and well who a few years since were regarded as hopeless cases, but who were induced to try Dr. Schenck's remedies, and were restored to perfect health by their use.

One of the first steps the physician should take with a consumptive patient is to invigorate the system. Now how is this to be done? Certainly not by giving medicines that exhaust and enervate —medicines that impair instead of improve the functions of the digestive organs. Dr. Schenck's medicines cleanse the stomach and bowels of all substances which are calculated to irritate or weaken them. They create an appetite—promote healthful digestion—make good blood, and, as a consequence, they invigorate and strengthen the entire system, and more especially those parts which are diseased. If this cannot be done, then the case must be regarded as a hopeless one.

If the physician finds it impossible to make a PATIENT FEEL COMFORTABLE, if the diseased person cannot partake of good nourishing food and properly digest it, it is impossible for "fat" can gain flesh and strength; and it is equally impossible to bring a patient to this condition so long as the liver is burdened with diseased bile, and the stomach laden with unhealthy slime.

Almost the first request made to the physician by a consumptive patient is that he will prescribe medicines that will remove or allay the cough, night sweats and chills, which are the sure attendants on consumption. But this should not be done, as the cough is only an effort of nature to relieve itself, and the night sweats and chills are caused by the diseased lungs. The remedies ordinarily prescribed do more harm than good. They impair the functions of the stomach, impede healthy digestion, and aggravate rather than cure the disease.

There is, after all, nothing like facts with which to combat a popular delusion, and it is upon facts that Dr. Schenck relies. Nearly all who have taken his medicines in accordance with his directions have not only been cured of consumption, but, in fact that these medicines act with wonderful power in the first stages of dyspepsia, and thus cured speedily gain flesh. Cleansing the system of all impurities, they lay the foundation for a solid, substantial structure. Restoring these organs to health, they create an appetite. The food is properly assimilated; the quantity of blood is not only increased, but is made rich and strong and in the face of such a condition of the system all disease must be banished.

Full directions accompany each of the medicines, so that is not absolutely necessary that patients should see Dr. Schenck personally, unless they desire to have their lungs examined. For this purpose he is at his principle office, No. 15 North Sixth st., corner of Commerce, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M.

Advice is given without charge, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is $5.

Full directions for Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each, $1.50 per bottle or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. [June 10, 1870—ly

CELEBRATED

PREPARATION

FOR

CLEANING THE BLOOD

WILL CURE

erofula, Cutaneous Diseases, Erysipelas, Boils, Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Pimples and Blotches on the Face, Tetter, Affections of the Liver and Stubborn Ulcers, Rheumatic, Affections, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Salt, Rheum, Jaundice, General Debility, Chills and Fever, Pivi Stomach, together with all other Diseases Arising from Impure Blood and Disordered Liver.

TRY ONE BOTTLE OR PACKAGE

And be convinced that this medicine is no humbug. Sold by all Druggists.

CAUTION.

Drs. D. Fahrney & Son's Preparation for Cleansing the Blood is COUNTERFEITED. The genuine has the name "D. FAHRNEY & SON" on the front of the outside wrapper of each bottle, and the name of Drs. D. Fahrney & Son's Preparation for Cleansing the Blood, Boonsboro', Md., blown in each bottle. All others are COUNTERFEIT. Recollect that it is Drs. D. Fahrney & Son's Celebrated Preparation for Cleansing the Blood that is so universally used, and so highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything else that they may say is just the same or as good, because they make a large profit on it.

PREPARED BY

DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON,

BOONSBORO', MD.,

And Dr. P. D. Fahrney, Keedysville, Md.

Be sure to get the genuine. None genuine unless signed "D. FAHRNEY & SON."

June 10, 1870.—6m D. FAHRNEY & SON.

Iron in the Blood.

NATURE'S OWN VITALIZER.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP,

An Iron Tonic, without Alcohol,

Assimilates with the blood as easily as the simplest food, vitalizing and invigorating the whole system. It stimulates without reaction, builds up the broken down, cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Weakness, Dropsy, Humors, &c., and expels disease from the system by increasing Nature's own vitalizing element—IRON.

Pamphlets free. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey street, New York. Sold by druggists generally.

April 1, 1870.—1ynola

Photograph Galleries.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

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EXCELSIOR GALLERIES

York Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

Pictures of all styles. Views of the

BATTLE-FIELD!

SEND STAMP FOR CATALOGUE.

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Dec. 3, 1869—tf

Photographic Gallery!

JACOB PENSIL

Is prepared at all times to execute in the finest style of the art all kinds of

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes, Bon Tons, Cartes, Imperials, and all other styles,

at his Gallery on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bro's. Store, Gettysburg; also, all kinds of

Albums, Photograph Frames, &c.,

constantly on hand and for sale cheap. Give me a call. [April 22, 1870—tf

Forwarding Houses.

LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Ware-house on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa., and will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c.; also, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

He is always able to supply a first-rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

He will also run a

Line of Freight Cars

to No. 165 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and No. 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either place will be received and forwarded promptly. All goods should be marked "CRESS' CAR."

April 2, 1868.—tf JOHN CRESS.

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. E. WIBLE.

Joseph Wible & Son,

PRODUCE DEALERS,

South-east cor. of Railroad and Washington sts., GETTYSBURG, PA.

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of Grain, Hay, Straw and Country Produce generally. Constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, or secured at short notice.

April 22, 1870.—tf

NEW FIRM.

A. E. ECKENRODE,

HAS taken the Warehouse, lately occupied by P. Philip Hann, at Granite Station, on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, 2 miles from Hunterstown, and will deal in all kinds of

Grain and Produce,

giving the highest market price. I will also keep constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES.

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobacco, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. &c. also, COAL.

I respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends, and invite the public to call and examine my stock.

A. E. ECKENRODE.

Jan. 22.—t.

ROB